

10th CBSE SOCIAL SCIENCE SYLLABUS**Unit 1: India and the Contemporary World –****II Section 1: Events and Processes:****The Rise of Nationalism in Europe:**

- The French Revolution and the Idea of the Nation
- The Making of Nationalism in Europe
- The Age of Revolutions: 1830-1848
- The Making of Germany and Italy
- Visualizing the Nation
- Nationalism and Imperialism

Nationalism in India:

- The First World War, Khilafat and Non – Cooperation
- Differing Strands within the Movement
- Towards Civil Disobedience
- The Sense of Collective Belonging

Section 2: Livelihoods, Economies and Societies (Any one theme of the following)**The Making of a Global World:**

- The Pre-modern world
- The Nineteenth Century (1815-1914)
- The Inter war Economy
- Rebuilding a World Economy: The Post-War Era

The Age of Industrialization:

- Before the Industrial Revolution
- Hand Labour and Steam Power
- Industrialization in the colonies
- Factories Come Up
- The Peculiarities of Industrial Growth
- Market for Goods

Section 3: Everyday Life, Culture and Politics:**Print Culture and the Modern World:**

- The First Printed Books
- Print Comes to Europe
- The Print Revolution and its Impact
- The Reading Mania
- The Nineteenth Century

- India and the World of Print
- Religious Reform and Public Debates
- New Forms of Publication
- Print and Censorship

Unit 2: Contemporary India – II

Resources and Development:

- Types of Resources
- Development of Resources
- Resource Planning in India
- Land Resources
- Land Utilization
- Land Use Pattern in India
- Land Degradation and Conservation Measures
- Soil as a Resource
- Classification of Soils
- Soil Erosion and Soil Conservation

Forest and Wildlife:

- Biodiversity or Biological Diversity
- Flora and Fauna in India
- Vanishing Forests
- Asiatic Cheetah: Where did they go?
- The Himalayan Yew in trouble
- Conservation of forest and wildlife in India
- Project Tiger
- Types and distribution of forests and wildlife resources
- Community and Conservation

Note: The chapter 'Forest and Wildlife' to be assessed in the Periodic Tests only and will not be evaluated in Board Examination.

Water Resources:

- Water Scarcity and The Need for Water Conservation and Management
- Multi-Purpose River Projects and Integrated Water Resources Management
- Rainwater Harvesting

Note: The chapter 'Water Resources' to be assessed in the Periodic Tests only and will not be evaluated in Board Examination.

Agriculture:

- Types of farming
- Cropping Pattern

- Major Crops
- Technological and Institutional Reforms
- Impact of Globalization on Agriculture

Minerals and Energy Resources:

- What is a mineral?
- Mode of occurrence of Minerals
- Ferrons and Non-Ferrons Minerals
- Non-Metallic Minerals
- Rock Minerals
- Conservation of Minerals
- Energy Resources
 - Conventional and Non-Conventional
 - Conservation of Energy Resources

Manufacturing Industries:

- Importance of manufacturing
- Contribution of Industry to National Economy
- Industrial Location
- Classification of Industries
- Spatial distribution
- Industrial pollution and environmental degradation
- Control of Environmental Degradation

Life Lines of National Economy:

- Transport – Roadways, Railways, Pipelines, Waterways, Airways
- Communication
- International Trade
- Tourism as a Trade

Unit 3: Democratic Politics – II**Power Sharing:**

- Case Studies of Belgium and Sri Lanka
- Why power sharing is desirable?
- Forms of Power Sharing

Federalism:

- What is Federalism?
- What make India a Federal Country?
- How is Federalism practiced?
- Decentralization in India

Democracy and Diversity:

- Case Studies of Mexico
- Differences, similarities and divisions
- Politics of social divisions

Note: The chapter 'Democracy and Diversity' to be assessed in the Periodic Tests only and will not be evaluated in Board Examination.

Gender, Religion and Caste:

- Gender and Politics
- Religion, Communalism and Politics
- Caste and Politics

Popular Struggles and Movements:

- Popular Struggles in Nepal and Bolivia
- Mobilization and Organization
- Pressure Groups and Movements

Note: The chapter 'Popular Struggles and Movements' to be assessed in the Periodic Tests only and will not be evaluated in Board Examination.

Political Parties:

- Why do we need Political Parties?
- How many Parties should we have?
- National Political Parties
- State Parties
- Challenges to Political Parties
- How can Parties be reformed?

Outcomes of Democracy:

- How do we assess democracy's outcomes?
- Accountable, responsive and legitimate government
- Economic growth and development
- Reduction of inequality and poverty
- Accommodation of social diversity
- Dignity and freedom of the citizens

Challenges to Democracy:

- Thinking about challenges
- Thinking about Political Reforms
- Redefining democracy

Note: The chapter 'Challenges to Democracy' to be assessed in the Periodic Tests only and will not be evaluated in Board Examination.

Unit 4: Understanding Economic Development

Development:

- What Development Promises - Different people different goals
- Income and other goals
- National Development
- How to compare different countries or states?
- Income and other criteria
- Public Facilities
- Sustainability of development

Sectors of the Indian Economy:

- Sectors of Economic Activities
- Comparing the three sectors
- Primary, Secondary and Tertiary

Sectors in India:

- Division of sectors as organized and unorganized
- Sectors in terms of ownership: Public and Private Sectors

Money and Credit:

- Money as a medium of exchange
- Modern forms of money
- Loan activities of Banks
- Two different credit situations
- Terms of credit
- Formal sector credit in India
- Self Help Groups for the Poor

Globalization and the Indian Economy:

- Production across countries
- Interlinking production across countries
- Foreign Trade and integration of markets
- What is globalization?
- Factors that have enabled Globalisation
- World Trade Organisation
- Impact of Globalization on India
- The Struggle for a fair Globalisation