## Chapter 7- Dissolution of Partnership Firm

## Question 1

Land and Building (book value) ₹ $1,60,000$ sold for ₹ $3,00,000$ through a broker who charged $2 \%$ commission on the deal. Journalise the transaction, at the time of dissolution of the firm.

## Solution:

| Journal Book |  | L.F. | Debit ₹ | Credit ₹ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Date | Particulars | Dr. |  | $2,94,000$ |  |
|  | Cash or Bank A/c |  |  |  | $2,94,000$ |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  |  |
|  | (Being sold land and building amount after giving <br> broker 2\% commission) |  |  |  |  |

## Question 2

Pass Journal entries in the following cases?
(a) Expenses of realisation ₹ 1,500 .
(b) Expenses of realisation ₹ 600 but paid by Mohan, a partner.
(c) Mohan, one of the partners of the firm, was asked to look into the dissolution of the firm for which he was allowed a commission of ₹ 2,000 .
(d) Motor car of book value ₹ 50,000 taken over by creditors of the book value of ₹ 40,000 in full settlement.

## Solution:

## Journal



|  | To Mohan's capital A/c |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | (Being commission given to Mohan on firm dissolution) |  |  |
| (d) | No entry <br> Here, no journal entry is passed as both the motor car <br> and creditors accounts are already transferred to <br> Realisation A/c |  |  |

## Question 3

Pass Journal entries in the following cases?
(a) Expenses of realisation ₹ 1,500 .
(b) Expenses of realisation ₹ 600 but paid by Mohan, a partner.
(c) Mohan, one of the partners of the firm, was asked to look into the dissolution of the firm for which he was allowed a commission of ₹ 2,000 .
(d) Motor car of book value ₹ 50,000 taken over by creditors of the book value of ₹ 40,000 in full settlement.

## Solution:



## Question 4

Pass Journal entries for the following:
(a) Realisation expenses amounted to ₹ 10,000 were paid by the firm on behalf of Alok, a partner, with whom it was agreed at ₹ 7,500 .
(b) Realisation expenses amounted to ₹ 5,000 . It was agreed that the firm will pay ₹ 2,000 and balance by Ravinder, a partner.
(c) Dissolution expenses amounted to ₹ 10,000 were paid by Amit, a partner, on behalf of the firm.

## Solution:

| Journal |  |  |  |  | Credit$₹$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SI.No. | Particulars |  | L.F. | Debits <br> ₹ |  |
| (a) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 7,500 |  |
|  | To Alok's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 7,500 |
|  | (Being remuneration given to Alok) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Alok's capital A/c | Dr. |  | 10,000 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  | 10,000 |
|  | (Being expenses amount paid by the firm on Alok's behalf) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Or |  |  |  |  |
|  | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 7,500 |  |
|  | Alok's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 2,500 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  | 10,000 |
|  | (Being realisation expenses paid) |  |  |  |  |
| (b) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 5,000 |  |
|  | To Ravinder's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 3,000 |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  | 2,000 |
|  | (Being realisation expenses paid) |  |  |  |  |
| (c) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 10,000 |  |
|  | To Amit's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 10,000 |
|  | (Being realisation expenses paid by Amit on firm's behalf) |  |  |  |  |

## Question 5

Record necessary Journal entries in the following cases:
(a) Creditors worth ₹ 85,000 accepted ₹ 40,000 as cash and Investment worth ₹ 43,000, in full settlement of their claim.
(b) Creditors were ₹ 16,000 . They accepted Machinery valued at ₹ 18,000 in settlement of their claim.
(c) Creditors were ₹ 90,000. They accepted Building valued at ₹ 1,20,000 and paid cash to the firm ₹ 30,000.

Solution:

| Journal |  |  | L.F. | Amount <br> $₹$ | Amount <br> $₹$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Particulars |  | Dr. | 40,000 |  |
| (a) | Realisation A/c |  |  | 40,000 |  |
|  | To Cash A/c |  |  |  |  |
|  | (Being creditors worth ₹ 85,000 accepted ₹ 40,000 as <br> cash and investment worth ₹ 43,000 in full settlement) |  |  |  |  |
| (b) | No Entry |  |  |  |  |
|  | (Creditors accepted ₹16,000 in full settlement for <br> Machinery worth ₹18,000. No entry was made as asset <br> and liability are transferred to the Realisation A/c) |  |  |  |  |
| (c) | Cash A/c | Dr. |  | 30,000 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  | 30,000 |  |
|  | (Being creditors accepted ₹ 90,000 as Building worth ₹ <br> $1,20,000 . ~ P a i d ~ c a s h ~ ₹ ~ 30,000 ~ t o ~ f i r m ~ a f t e r ~ c l a i m ~$ |  |  |  |  |
| settlement) |  |  |  |  |  |

## Question 6

Pass Journal entries for the following at the time of dissolution of a firm:
(a) Sale of Assets - ₹ 50,000.
(b) Payment of Liabilities - ₹ 10,000 .
(c) A commission of $5 \%$ allowed to Mr. X, a partner, on sale of assets.
(d) Realisation expenses amounted to ₹ 15,000 . The firm had agreed with Amrit, a partner, to reimburse him up to ₹ 10,000 .
(e) Z, an old customer, whose account for ₹ 6,000 was written off as bad in the previous year, paid $60 \%$ of the amount written off.
(f) Investment (Book Value ₹ 10,000 ) realised at $150 \%$.

## Solution:

| Journal |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SI.No. | Particulars |  | L.F. | Debits <br> ₹ | Credit <br> ₹ |
| (a) | Cash A/c | Dr. |  | 50,000 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 50,000 |
|  | (Being assets sold for cash) |  |  |  |  |
| (b) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 10,000 |  |
|  | To Cash A/c |  |  |  | 10,000 |
|  | (Being payment made for liabilities) |  |  |  |  |
| (c) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 2,500 |  |
|  | To X's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 2,500 |
|  | (Being allowed commission of 5\% to Mr. X's on asset sale) |  |  |  |  |
| (d) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 10,000 |  |
|  | To Amrit's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 10,000 |
|  | (Being allowed remuneration to Amrit on realisation A/c) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Amrit's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 15,000 |  |
|  | To Cash A/c |  |  |  | 15,000 |
|  | (Being realisation amount paid by firm on Amrit's behalf) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Or |  |  |  |  |
|  | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 10,000 |  |
|  | Amrit's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 5,000 |  |
|  | To Cash A/c |  |  |  | 15,000 |
|  | (Being realisation expenses paid) |  |  |  |  |
| (e) | Cash A/c | Dr. |  | 3,600 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 3,600 |
|  | (Being bad debt of $60 \%$ paid by an old customer Z) |  |  |  |  |
| (f) | Cash A/c | Dr. |  | 15,000 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 15,000 |
|  | (Being investments realised at 150\%) |  |  |  |  |

## Question 7

Pass Journal entries for the following transactions at the time of dissolution of the firm:
(a) Loan of ₹ 10,000 advanced by a partner to the firm was refunded.
(b) X, a partner, takes over an unrecorded asset (Typewriter) at ₹ 300.
(c) Undistributed balance (Debit) of Profit and Loss Account ₹ 30,000. The firm has three partners $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z .
(d) Assets of the firm realised ₹ $1,25,000$.
(e) Y who undertakes to carry out the dissolution proceedings is paid ₹ 2,000 for the same.
(f) Creditors are paid ₹ 28,000 in full settlement of their account of ₹ 30,000.

## Solution:

| Journal |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SI.No. | Particulars |  | L.F. | Debit ₹ | Credit ₹ |
| (a) | Partner's Loan A/c | Dr. |  | 10,000 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  | 10,000 |
|  | (Being loan refunded) |  |  |  |  |
| (b) | X's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 300 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 300 |
|  | (Being unrecorded assets taken over) |  |  |  |  |
| (c) | X's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 10,000 |  |
|  | Y's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 10,000 |  |
|  | Z's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 10,000 |  |
| (d) | To Profit \& Loss A/c |  |  |  | 30,000 |
|  | (Being undistribution balance of Profit and Loss A/c) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 1,25,000 |  |
| (e) | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 1,25,000 |
|  | (Being assets realized) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 2,000 |  |
|  | To Y's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 2,000 |
|  | (Being dissolution proceedings amount paid) |  |  |  |  |
| (f) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 28,000 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c <br> (Being amount paid to creditors) |  |  |  | 28,000 |

## Question 8

Pass necessary Journal entries for the following transactions on the dissolution of the firm $P$ and $Q$ after the various assets (other than cash) and outside liabilities have been transferred to Realisation Account:
(a) Bank Loan ₹ 12,000 was paid.
(b) Stock worth ₹ 16,000 was taken over by partner Q .
(c) Partner P paid a creditor ₹ 4,000.
(d) An asset not appearing in the books of accounts realised ₹ 1,200.
(e) Expenses of realisation ₹ 2,000 were paid by partner Q.
(f) Profit on realisation ₹ 36,000 was distributed between P and Q in 5 : 4 ratio.

## Solution:




## Question 9

$X, Y$ and $Z$ are partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of $3: 2: 1$ respectively. The firm was dissolved on 1st March, 2013. After transferring assets (other than cash) and third party liabilities to the 'Realisation Account' you are provided with the following information:
(a) There was a balance of ₹ 18,000 in the firm's Profit and Loss Account.
(b) There was an unrecorded bike of ₹ 50,000 which was taken over by X .
(c) Creditors of ₹ 5,000 were paid ₹ 4,000 in full settlement of accounts.

Pass necessary Journal entries for the above at the time of dissolution of firm.

## Solution:

## Journal

| SI.No. | Particulars | L.F. | Debit <br> $₹$ | Credit <br> $₹$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Profit and Loss A/c* | Dr. |  | 18,000 |  |
|  | To X's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 9,000 |
|  | To Y's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 6,000 |
|  | To Z's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 3,000 |
|  | (Being Profit \& Loss A/c balance divided between <br> the partners |  |  |  |  |
| 2. | X's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 50,000 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 50,000 |
| 3. | (Being unrecorded asset taken over by X) |  |  |  |  |
|  | To Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 4,000 |  |
|  | (Being paid creditors ₹ 4,000 as full settlement <br> against their claim of ₹ 5,000) |  |  |  | 4,000 |

## Question 10

Pass necessary Journal entries to record the following unrecorded assets and liabilities in the books of Paras and Priya:
(a) There was old furniture in the firm which had been written off completely in the books. It was sold for ₹ 3,000.
(b) Ashish, an old customer whose account for ₹ 1,000 was written off as bad in the previous year, paid $60 \%$, of the amount.
(c) Paras agreed to takeover the firm's goodwill (not recorded in the books of the firm), at a valuation of ₹ 30,000.
(d) There was an old typewriter which had been written off completely from the books. It was estimated to realise ₹ 400 . It was taken by Priya at an estimated price of less than $25 \%$.
(e) There were 100 shares of ₹ 10 each in Star Limited acquired at a cost of ₹ 2,000 which had been written-off completely from the books. These shares are valued @ ₹ 6 each and divided among the partners in their profit-sharing ratio.

## Solution:

| Journal |  |  | L.F. | Debit <br> $₹$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SI. No. | Particulars | Credit <br> $₹$ |  |  |  |
| (a) | Cash/Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 3,000 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 3,000 |
|  | (Being unrecorded old furniture sold) | Dr. |  | 600 |  |
| (b) | Cash/Bank A/c |  |  |  | 600 |
|  | To Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 30,000 |  |
|  | (Being previous year bad debts written off now <br> recovered) |  |  |  | 30,000 |
| (c) | Paras's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 300 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 300 |
|  | (Being unrecorded firm's goodwill taken over by Paras) |  |  |  |  |
| (d) | Priya's Capital A/c |  |  |  |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 300 |  |
|  | (Being written-off typewriter was taken over <br> less price by Priya) | $25 \%$ |  |  |  |
| (e) | Paras's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 300 |  |
|  | Priya's Capital A/c |  |  | 600 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  |  |
|  | (Being written-off 100 shares at ₹ 10 each taken by <br> Paras and Priya at ₹ 6 each) |  |  |  |  |

## Question 11

Aman and Harsh were partners in a firm. They decided to dissolve their firm. Pass necessary Journal entries for the following after various assets (other than Cash and Bank) and third party liabilities have been transferred to Realisation Account:
(a) There was furniture worth ₹ 50,000. Aman took over $50 \%$ of the furniture at $10 \%$ discount and the remaining furniture was sold at $30 \%$ profit on book value.
(b) Profit and Loss Account was showing a credit balance of ₹ 15,000 on the date of dissolution.
(c) Harsh's loan of ₹ 6,000 was discharged at ₹ 6,200.
(d) The firm paid realisation expenses amounting to ₹ 5,000 on behalf of Harsh who had to bear these expenses.
(e) There was a bill for 1,200 under discount. The bill was received from Soham who proved insolvent and a first and final dividend of $25 \%$ was received from his estate.
(f) Creditors, to whom the firm owed ₹ 6,000, accepted stock of ₹ 5,000 at a discount of $5 \%$ and the balance in cash.

## Solution:

## Journal

| SI.No. | Particulars |  | L.F. | Debit <br> ₹ | Credit <br> ₹ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | Aman's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 22,500 |  |
|  | Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 32,500 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 55,000 |
|  | (Being assets sold) |  |  |  |  |
| (b) | Profit \& Loss A/c | Dr. |  | 15,000 |  |
|  | To Aman's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 7,500 |
|  | To Harsh's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 7,500 |
|  | (Being credit balance of Profit \& Loss A/c distribution) |  |  |  |  |
| (c) | Harsh's Loan A/c | Dr. |  | 6,000 |  |
|  | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 200 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  | 6,200 |
|  | (Being discharge of Ioan) |  |  |  |  |
| (d) | Harsh's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 5,000 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  | 5,000 |
|  | (Being amount paid by firm on behalf of Harsh) |  |  |  |  |
| (e) | Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 300 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 300 |
|  | (Being amount received) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 1,200 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  | 1,200 |
|  | (Being amount paid) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |


| (f) | Realisation A/c | Dr. | 1,250 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | To Bank A/c <br> (Being amount paid to creditors) |  |  |  |

## Question 12

Rohit, Kunal and Sarthak are partners in a firm. They decided to dissolve their firm. Pass necessary Journal entries for the following after various assets (other than Cash and Bank) and the third party liability have been transferred to Realisation Account:
(a) Kunal agreed to pay off his wife's loan of ₹ 6,000 .
(b) Total Creditors of the firm were ₹ 40,000. Creditors worth ₹ 10,000 were given a piece of furniture costing ₹ 8,000 in full and final settlement. Remaining Creditors allowed a discount of $10 \%$.
(c) Rohit had given a loan of ₹ 70,000 to the firm which was duly paid.
(d) A machine which was not recorded in the books was taken over by Kunal at ₹ 3,000 , whereas its expected value was ₹ 5,000 .
(e) The firm had a debit balance of ₹ 15,000 in the Profit and Loss Account on the date of dissolution.
(f) Sarthak paid the realisation expenses of ₹ 16,000 out of his private funds, who was to get a remuneration of ₹ 15,000 for completing the dissolution process and was responsible to bear all the realisation expenses.

## Solution:

## Journal

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Date } & \text { Particulars } & \text { L.F. } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Debit } \\ ₹\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Credit } \\ ₹\end{array} \\ \hline \text { (a) } & \text { Realisation A/c } & \text { Dr. } & & 6,000 & \\ \hline & \text { To Kunal's Capital A/c } & & & & 6,000 \\ \hline & \text { (Being Kunal paying off his wife's loan) } & & & & \\ \hline \text { (b) } & \text { Realisation A/c } & \text { Dr. } & & 27,000 & \\ \hline & \text { To Cash A/c } & & & & 27,000 \\ \hline & \text { (Being creditors amount paid } \\ \text { off @ 10\% discount) }\end{array}\right)$

| (d) | Kunal's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 3,000 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 3,000 |
|  | (Being asset taken over by Kunal) |  |  |  |  |
| (e) | Rohit's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 5,000 |  |
|  | Kunal's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 5,000 |  |
|  | Sarthak's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 5,000 |  |
|  | To Profit and Loss A/c |  |  |  | 15,000 |
|  | (Being Loss distribution) |  |  |  |  |
| (f) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 15,000 |  |
|  | To Sarthak's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 15,000 |
|  | (Being ₹15,000 remuneration paid for completing <br> dissolution process) |  |  |  |  |

## Question 13

Book Value of assets (other than cash and bank) transferred to Realisation Account is ₹ $1,00,000.50 \%$ of the assets are taken over by a partner Atul, at a discount of $20 \% ; 40 \%$ of the remaining assets are sold at a profit of $30 \%$ on cost; $5 \%$ of the balance being obsolete, realised nothing and remaining assets are handed over to a Creditor, in full settlement of his claim.

You are required to record the Journal entries for realisation of assets.

## Solution:

| Journal |  |  | L.F. | ₹ | ₹ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Date | Particulars | Dr. |  | $1,00,000$ |  |
|  | Realisation A/c |  |  |  | $1,00,000$ |
|  | To Sundry Assets A/c | Dr. |  | 40,000 |  |
|  | (Being assets apart from cash and bank transferred <br> to Realisation A/c) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Atul's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 40,000 |
|  | To Realisation A/c | (Being Atul took ₹ 1,00,000 of assets at discount <br> rate of 20\%) |  |  |  |
|  | Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 26,000 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  | 26,000 |  |
|  | (₹ 20,000 worth assets, i.e. 40\% of ₹ 50,000 are <br> sold at 30\% a profi) [50,000 $\times 40 / 100 \times 30 / 130]$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | No obsolete assets will be entered for the creditors <br> assets in the full settlement as it is already |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Question 14

Lal and Pal were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of $3: 7$. On 1st April, 2015 their firm was dissolved. After transferring assets (other than cash) and outsider's liabilities to Realisation Account, you are given the following information:
(a) A creditor of ₹ 3,60,000 accepted machinery valued at ₹ 5,00,000 and paid to the firm ₹ 1,40,000.
(b) A second creditor for ₹ 50,000 accepted stock at ₹ 45,000 in full settlement of his claim.
(c) A third creditor amounting to ₹ 90,000 accepted ₹ 45,000 in cash and investments worth ₹ 43,000 in full settlement of his claim.
(d) Loss on dissolution was ₹ 15,000.

Pass necessary Journal entries for the above transactions in the books of firm assuming that all payments were made by cheque.

## Solution:

| Journal Entry |  |  |  | L.F. | Debit ₹ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Datedit ₹ |  |  |  |  |  |
| (a) | Particulars | Bank A/c |  | $1,40,000$ |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  | $1,40,000$ |  |
|  | (Being a creditor accepted machinery @ ₹ 3,60,000 <br> valued at ₹ 5,00,000 and paid firm ₹ $1,40,000)$ |  |  |  |  |
| (b) | No entry |  |  |  |  |
| (c) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 45,000 |  |
|  | To Cash A/c |  |  |  | 45,000 |
|  | (Being a third creditor amounting ₹ 90,000 <br> accepted cash of ₹ 45,000 and ₹ 43,000 worth <br> investments in full settlement of his claim) |  |  |  |  |
| (d) | Lal's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 4,500 |  |
|  | Pal's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 10,500 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 15,000 |
|  | (Being dissolution loss transferred to partners' <br> capital accounts) |  |  |  |  |

Note: When creditor take over the asset than no entry will be made

## Question 15

Pass the Journal entries for the following transactions on the dissolution of the firm of $P$ and $Q$ after various assets (other than cash) and outside liabilities have been transferred to Realisation Account:
(a) Stock ₹ $2,00,000$. ' $P^{\prime}$ took over $50 \%$ of stock at a discount of $10 \%$. Remaining stock was sold at a profit of $25 \%$ on cost.
(b) Debtors ₹ $2,25,000$. Provision for Doubtful Debts ₹ 25,000 . ₹ 20,000 of the book debts proved bad.
(c) Land and Building (Book value ₹ $12,50,000$ ) sold for ₹ $15,00,000$ through a broker who charged 2\% commission.
(d) Machinery (Book value ₹ $6,00,000$ ) was handed over to a creditor at a discount of 10\%.
(e) Investment (Book value ₹ 60,000 ) realised at $125 \%$.
(f) Goodwill of ₹ 75,000 and prepaid fire insurance of ₹ 10,000 .
( g ) There was an old furniture in the firm which had been written off completely in the books. It was sold for ₹ 10,000.
(h) 'Z' an old customer whose account for ₹ 20,000 was written off as bad in the previous year, paid 60\%.
(i) 'P' undertook to pay Mrs. P's loan of ₹ 50,000.
(j) Trade creditors ₹ $1,60,000$. Half of the trade creditors accepted Plant and Machinery at an agreed valuation of ₹ 54,000 and cash in full settlement of their claims after allowing a discount of ₹ 16,000 . Remaining trade creditors were paid $90 \%$ in final settlement.

## Solution:

| Journal |  |  |  |  | L.F. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Date | Particulars | Dr. |  | 90,000 |  |
| (a) | P's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | $1,25,000$ |  |
|  | Bank A/c |  |  |  | 2,15,000 |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  |  |
|  | (Being stock sold) | Dr. |  | $2,05,000$ |  |
| (b) | Bank A/c |  |  |  | $2,05,000$ |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  |  |
|  | (Being debtors realized) | Dr. |  | $14,70,000$ |  |
| (c) | Bank A/c |  |  |  | $14,70,000$ |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  |  |
|  | (Being land and building sold) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |


| (d) | No Entry |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (e) | Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 75,000 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 75,000 |
|  | (Being investment realized ) |  |  |  |  |
| (f) | No Entry |  |  |  |  |
| (g) | Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 10,000 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 10,000 |
|  | (Being written-off furniture sold ) |  |  |  |  |
| (h) | Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 12,000 |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 12,000 |
|  | (Being recovered bad debts) |  |  |  |  |
| (i) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 50,000 |  |
|  | To P's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 50,000 |
|  | (Being P paid wife's loan) |  |  |  |  |
| (j) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 82,000 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c (10,000 + 72,000) |  |  |  | 82,000 |
|  | (Being paid creditors) |  |  |  |  |

## Question 16

What Journal entries would be passed for discharge of following unrecorded liabilities on the dissolution of a firm of partners $A$ and $B$ :
(a) There was a contingent liability in respect of bills discounted but not matured of ₹ 18,500 . An acceptor of one bill of $₹ 2,500$ became insolvent and fifty paise in a rupee was recovered. The liability of the firm on account of this bill discounted and dishonoured has not so far been recorded.
(b) There was a contingent liability in respect of a claim for damages for ₹ 75,000 , such liability was settled for ₹ 50,000 and paid by the partner A.
(c) Firm will have to pay ₹ 10,000 as compensation to an injured employee, which was a contingent liability not accepted by the firm.
(d) ₹ 5,000 for damages claimed by a customer has been disputed by the firm. It was settled at $70 \%$ by a compromise between the customer and the firm.

## Solution:

| Journal |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Debit ₹ | Credit ₹ |  |  |
| (a) | Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 1,250 |  |  |
|  | To Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 1,250 |  |


|  | (Being amount received) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Realisation A/c |  |  |  |  |
|  | To Bank A/c | Dr. |  | 2,500 |  |
|  | (Being liability discharged) |  |  |  | 2,500 |
| (b) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 50,000 |  |
|  | To A's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 50,000 |
|  | (Being liability paid by partner A) |  |  |  |  |
| (c) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 10,000 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  | 10,000 |
|  | (Being liability discharged) |  |  |  |  |
| (d) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 3,500 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  | 3,500 |
|  | (Being liability discharged) |  |  |  |  |

## Question 17

What Journal entries would be passed for discharge of following unrecorded liabilities on the dissolution of a firm of partners A and B :
(a) There was a contingent liability in respect of bills discounted but not matured of ₹ 18,500 . An acceptor of one bill of ₹ 2,500 became insolvent and fifty paise in a rupee was recovered. The liability of the firm on account of this bill discounted and dishonoured has not so far been recorded.
(b) There was a contingent liability in respect of a claim for damages for ₹ 75,000, such liability was settled for ₹ 50,000 and paid by the partner A.
(c) Firm will have to pay ₹ 10,000 as compensation to an injured employee, which was a contingent liability not accepted by the firm.
(d) ₹ 5,000 for damages claimed by a customer has been disputed by the firm. It was settled at $70 \%$ by a compromise between the customer and the firm.

## Solution:

## Journal

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Debit ₹ | Credit ₹ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 12,000 |  |
|  | To Dharam's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 12,000 |
|  | (Being remuneration paid) |  |  |  |  |
| (b) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 15,000 |  |
|  | To Jay's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 15,000 |
|  | (Being remuneration paid) |  |  |  |  |


|  | Jay's Capital A/c | Dr. | 16,000 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | To Vijay's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 16,000 |
|  | (Being expenses paid by Vijay but borne by Jay) |  |  |  |  |
| (c) | Realisation A/c | Dr. |  | 7,000 |  |
|  | To Deepa's Capital A/c |  |  |  | 7,000 |
|  | (Being remuneration paid) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Deepa's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 6,000 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  | 6,000 |
|  | (Being expenses paid by firm) |  |  |  |  |
| (d) | No Entry |  |  |  |  |
| (e) | Realisation A/c |  |  |  | 10,000 |
|  | To Jeev's Capital A/c |  | 10,000 |  |  |
|  | (Being remuneration paid) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Jeev's Capital A/c | Dr. |  | 12,000 |  |
|  | To Bank A/c |  |  |  | 12,000 |
|  | (Being expenses paid by firm) |  |  |  |  |
| (f) | No Entry |  |  |  |  |

