## **QB365** Question Bank Software Study Materials

## Magnetism and Magnetic Effects of Electric Current 50 Important 1 Marks Questions With Answers (Book Back and Creative)

12th Standard

Physics

Total Marks : 50

## Multiple Choice Question

50 x 1 = 50

1) The magnetic field at the centre O of the following current loop is

(a) 
$$\frac{\mu_{\circ}I}{4r}$$
 (b)  $\frac{\mu_{\circ}I}{4r}$  (c)  $\frac{\mu_{\circ}I}{2r}$  (d)  $\frac{\mu_{\circ}I}{2r}$  (e)

2)

7)

An electron moves in a straight line inside a charged parallel plate capacitor of uniform charge density σ. The time taken by the electron to cross the parallel plate capacitor undeflected when the plates of the capacitor are kept under constant magnetic field of

(a) 
$$\varepsilon_{\circ} \frac{elB}{\sigma}$$
 (b)  $\varepsilon_{\circ} \frac{lB}{\sigma l}$  (c)  $\varepsilon_{\circ} \frac{lB}{e\sigma}$  (d)  $\varepsilon_{\circ} \frac{lB}{\sigma}$ 

<sup>3)</sup> A particle having mass m and charge q accelerated through a potential difference V. Find the force experienced when it is kept under perpendicular magnetic field  $\vec{B}$ .

(a) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{2q^3BV}{m}}$$
 (b)  $\sqrt{\frac{q^3B^2V}{2m}}$  (c)  $\sqrt{\frac{2q^3B^2V}{m}}$  (d)  $\sqrt{\frac{2q^3BV}{m^3}}$ 

4) A circular coil of radius 5 cm and 50 turns carries a current of 3 ampere. The magnetic dipole moment of the coil is nearly \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) 
$$1.0 \text{ Am}^2$$
 (b)  $1.2 \text{ Am}^2$  (c)  $0.5 \text{ Am}^2$  (d)  $0.8 \text{ Am}^2$ 

5) A thin insulated wire forms a plane spiral of N = 100 tight turns carrying a current I = 8 m A (milli ampere). The radii of inside and outside turns are a = 50 mm and b = 100 mm respectively. The magnetic induction at the centre of the spiral is \_\_\_\_\_.

(a)  $5\mu T$  (b)  $7\mu T$  (c)  $8\mu T$  (d)  $10\mu T$ 

<sup>6)</sup> Three wires of equal lengths are bent in the form of loops. One of the loops is circle, another is a semi-circle and the third one is a square. They are placed in a uniform magnetic field and same electric current is passed through them. Which of the following loop configuration will experience greater torque?

(a) Circle (b) Semi-circle (c) Square (d) All of them

Two identical coils, each with N turns and radius R are placed coaxially at a distance R as shown in the figure. If I is the current passing through the loops in the same direction, then the magnetic field at a point P at a distance of R/2 from the centre of each coil is \_\_\_\_\_.



(a) 
$$\frac{8N\mu_{\circ}I}{\sqrt{5}R}$$
 (b)  $\frac{8N\mu_{\circ}I}{5^{3/2}R}$  (c)  $\frac{8N\mu_{\circ}I}{5R}$  (d)  $\frac{4N\mu_{\circ}I}{\sqrt{5}R}$ 

<sup>8)</sup> A wire of length 1 carrying a current I along the Y direction is kept in a magnetic field is given by  $\vec{B} = \frac{\beta}{\sqrt{3}} = (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})T$ . The magnitude of Lorentz force acting on the wire is \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}\beta Il$$
 (b)  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}\beta Il$  (c)  $\sqrt{2}\beta Il$  (d)  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}\beta Il$ 

- V V V V
- <sup>9)</sup> A bar magnet of length l and magnetic moment p<sub>m</sub> is bent in the form of an arc as shown in Figure. The new magnetic dipole moment will be



(a)  $p_m$  (b)  $rac{3}{\pi}p_m$  (c)  $rac{2}{\pi}p_m$  (d)  $rac{1}{2}p_m$ 

10)

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A non-conducting charged ring carrying a charge of q, mass m and radius r is rotated about its axis with constant angular speed ω.
Find the ratio of its magnetic moment with angular momentum is _____.
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(a) 
$$\frac{q}{m}$$
 (b)  $\frac{2q}{m}$  (c)  $\frac{q}{2m}$  (d)  $\frac{q}{4m}$ 

<sup>11)</sup> The BH curve for a ferromagnetic material is shown in the figure. The material is placed inside a long solenoid which contains 1000 turns/cm. The current that should be passed in the solenoid to demagnetize the ferromagnet completely is \_\_\_\_\_.



(a) 1.00 m A (b) 1.25 mA (c) 1.50 mA (d) 1.75 mA

<sup>12)</sup> Two short bar magnets have magnetic moments  $1.20 \text{ Am}^2$  and  $1.00 \text{ Am}^2$  respectively. They are kept on a horizontal table parallel to each other with their north poles pointing towards south. They have a common magnetic equator and are separated by a distance of 20.0 cm. The value of the resultant horizontal magnetic induction at the mid-point O of the line joining their centres is (Horizontal components of Earth's magnetic induction is  $3.6 \times 10^{-5}$  Wb m<sup>-2</sup>)

(a)  $3.60 \times 10^{-5}$  Wb m<sup>-2</sup> (b)  $3.5 \times 10^{-5}$  Wb m<sup>-2</sup> (c)  $2.56 \times 10^{-4}$  Wb m<sup>-2</sup> (d)  $2.2 \times 10^{-4}$  Wb m<sup>-2</sup>

<sup>13)</sup> The vertical component of Earth's magnetic field at a place is equal to the horizontal component. What is the value of angle of dip at this place?

(a) 30° (b) 45° (c) 60° (d) 90°

14) A flat dielectric disc of radius R carries an excess charge on its surface. The surface charge density is σ. The disc rotates about an axis perpendicular to its plane passing through the center with angular velocity ω. Find the magnitude of the torque on the disc if it is placed in a uniform magnetic field whose strength is B which is directed perpendicular to the axis of rotation.

(a)  $\frac{1}{4}\sigma\omega\pi BR$  (b)  $\frac{1}{2}\sigma\omega\pi BR^2$  (c)  $\frac{1}{4}\sigma\omega\pi BR^3$  (d)  $\frac{1}{4}\sigma\omega\pi BR^4$ 

- <sup>15)</sup> The potential energy of magnetic dipole whose dipole moment is  $\vec{p}_m = (-0.5\hat{i} + 0.4\hat{j})\text{Am}^2$  kept in uniform magnetic field  $\vec{B} = 0.2\hat{i}$  T.
  - (a) -0.1 J (b) -0.8 J (c) 0.1 J (d) 0.8 J
- 16) The unit of magnetic field is \_\_\_\_\_

(a) ampere-turn (b) ampere (c) newton coulomb (d) tesla

<sup>17)</sup> The deflection in a galvanometer falls from 50 to 20 divisions when  $12 \Omega$  shunt is applied. The galvanometer resistance is

(a) 18Ω (b) 36Ω (c) 24Ω (d) 30Ω

<sup>18)</sup> Two thin long parallel wires separated by a distance are carrying current 1 amp each. The magnitude of the force per unit length excited by one wire on the other is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(a) 
$$\frac{\mu_0 I^2}{a^2}$$
 (b)  $\frac{\mu_0 I^2}{2\pi a}$  (c)  $\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi a}$  (d)  $\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi a^2}$ 

A galvanometer coil has a resistance of 15Ω and gives full-scale deflection for a current of 4mA. To convert it to an ammeter of range
 0 to 6 amp \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- (a)  $10m\Omega$  resistance is to be connected in parallel to the galvanometer
- (b)  $10m\Omega$  resistance is to be connected in series with the galvanometer
- (c)  $0.1m\Omega$  resistance is to be connected in series with the galvanometer
- (d)  $0.1m\Omega$  resistance is to be connected in parallel to the galvanometer
- 20) At a given place the horizontal component of the earth's field is  $0.2 \times 10^{-4}$  Tesla. If a vertical wire carries a current of 30A upward, what is the magnitude and direction of the force on 1m of wire?

(a) 6 East to West (b)  $6 \ge 10^{-2}$  East to West (c)  $6 \ge 10^{-3}$  East to West (d)  $6 \ge 10^{-4}$  East to West

According to Joule's heating effects the law of current is \_\_\_\_\_.

(a)  $I \propto H^2$  (b)  $H \propto I^2$  (c)  $\frac{H}{I^2}$  (d) both (b) and (c)

According to Joule's heating effect the law of resistance is \_\_\_\_\_.

(a)  $\mathbf{H} \propto \mathbf{R}$  (b)  $\mathbf{H} \propto \mathbf{R}^2$  (c)  $\mathbf{R} \propto \mathbf{H}^2$  (d) all the above

- 23) In which one of the following heating effect to current is undesirable?
  (a) electric iron (b) electric motor (c) fuse wire (d) electric bulb
- 25) In which of the following pairs of metals of the thermocouple, the emf is maximum?

(a) Fe-Cu (b) Cu-Zn (c) Pt-Ag (d) Sb-Bi

When the hot and cold junctions of a thermo couple are interchanged then the thermo emf \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(a) increases (b) remain unchanged (c) decreases (d) increases or decreases according to nature of metals used

<sup>27)</sup> In a thermocouple, the temperature of cold junction is 30°C and the neutral temperature is 310°C. The temperature of inversion is

(a) 580°C (b) **590°C** (c) 600°C (d) 690°C

- Which one of the following pair of particles move with same velocity along the same circular path in a uniform magnetic field?
   (a) electron, proton
   (b) proton, deutron
   (c) proton, alpha particle
   (d) deutron, alpha particle
- 29) 1 water = \_\_\_\_\_

(a)  $10^6$  maxwell (b)  $10^7$  maxwell (c)  $10^8$  maxwell (d)  $10^5$  maxwell

31) Two parallel wires carrying same current in the opposite direction will experience \_\_\_\_\_

(a) an attractive (b) magnetic force (c) electric force (d) repulsive force

32)

To convert a galvanometer into an ammeter we connect which one of the following to the galvanometer?

(a) a low resistance in series (b) a high resistance in series (c) a low resistance in parallel

(d) a high resistance in parallel

33) The unit of water equivalent is \_\_\_\_\_

(a) 
$$\frac{J}{K}$$
 (b)  $\frac{J}{M}$  (c)  $\frac{J}{kg}$  (d)  $\frac{J}{kg.K}$ 

34) Above the neutral temperature the thermo emf \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(a) changes sign (b) is constant (c) increases with the rise in temperature (d) decrease with the rise in temperature

35) Which of the following principle is used in a thermopile?

(a) Thomson effect (b) Peltier effect (c) Seebeck effect (d) Joules effect

36) The elements having Thomson positive effect are \_\_\_\_\_

(a) Sb, Hg, Zn (b) Ag, Hg, Cd (c) Zn, Cd, Sb (d) Cd, Pt, Ag

- <sup>38)</sup> The force on a proton moving with a speed of  $10^5$  m/s perpendicular to a magnetic field  $10^{-3}$  tesla is \_\_\_\_\_

(a)  $1.6 \times 10^{-17}$  N (b)  $1.6 \times 10^{-27}$  N (c)  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  N (d)  $10^{-2}$  N

<sup>39)</sup> If a proton and a deutron move in a magnetic field along the same circular path, then the ratio of their velocities is \_\_\_\_\_

(a) 1:1 (b) 4:1 (c) 1:2 (d) 2:1

- <sup>41)</sup> If a deutron and an alpha particle move perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field with same velocity, then the ratio of the radii of their path is \_\_\_\_\_

(a) 1:1 (b) 1:2 (c) 2:1 (d) 4:1

42) No current flows between two charged particles when connected if they have same \_\_\_\_\_

(a) capcity (b) potential (c) charge (d) none of these

43) If the galvanometer constant is 0.15 A rad<sup>-1</sup>, then the deflection for a current of 10 mA is about \_\_\_\_\_.

(a)  $6^{\circ}$  (b)  $0.1^{\circ}$  (c)  $1^{\circ}$  (d)  $3^{\circ}$ 

<sup>44</sup>) The voltage sensitivity of a galvanometer can be increased by \_\_\_\_\_

(a) increasing the current (b) increasing the couple per unit twist of the suspension wire

(c) increasing the number of turns of the coil (d) increasing the magnetic induction

45) One tesla is equivalent to \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) weber (b) Am (c)  $Am^2$  (d) weber m<sup>-2</sup>

<sup>46)</sup> Which of the following graphs indicate the variation of magnetic susceptibility with absolute temperature of a ferromagnetic substance?





(a) permeabitiry (b) magnetic field (c) magnetic displacement (d) electric dipole moment

48) Cyclotron cannot accelerate \_\_\_\_\_

(a) proton (b)  $\alpha$  -particle (c) deuteron (d) electron

## 49)

The expression for magnetic induction (B) at the centre of a current (I) carrying circular loop is \_\_\_\_\_

(a) 
$$\frac{\mu r}{2I}$$
 (b)  $\frac{\mu I}{2r}$  (c)  $\frac{\mu I r}{2}$  (d)  $\frac{2\mu}{Ir}$ 

50)

An electron is moving in a circular path under the influence of a transverse magnetic field of  $3.57 \times 10^{-2}$  T. If the value of e/m is 1.76 x  $10^{11}$  C kg<sup>-1</sup>. The frequency of the revolution of the electron is

(a) 1 GHz (b) 100 MHz (c) 62.8 MHz (d) 6.28 MHz