QB365 Question Bank Software Study Materials

Introduction to Macro Economics 50 Important 1 Marks Questions With Answers (Book Back and Creative)

12th Standard

Economics

Total Marks: 50 Multiple Choice Question $50 \times 1 = 50$ 1) The branches of the subject Economics are (a) Wealth and Welfare (b) Production and Consumption (c) Demand and Supply (d) Micro and Macro Who coined the word 'Macro'? (a) Adam Smith (b) J M Keynes (c) Ragnar Frisch (d) Karl Marx Who is regarded as Father of Modern Macro Economics? (a) Adam Smith (b) J M Keynes (c) Ragnar Frisch (d) Karl Marx Identify the other name for Macro Economics. (a) Price Theory (c) Market Theory (b) Income Theory (d) Micro Theory 5) Macro economics is a study of____ (a) individuals (b) firms (c) a nation (d) aggregates Indicate the contribution of J M Keynes to economics (c) Capital (d) Public Finance (a) Wealth of Nations (b) General Theory A steady increase in general price level is termed as_ (a) wholesale price index (b) Business Cycle (d) National Income (c) Inflation Identify the necessity of Economic policies (a) to solve the basic problems (b) to overcome the obstacles (c) to achieve growth (d) all the above Indicate the fundamental economic activities of an economy (a) Production and Distribution (b) Production and Exchange (c) Production and Consumption (d) Production and Marketing 10) An economy consists of (b) Production sector (d) All the above (a) consumption sector (c) Government sector 11) Identify the economic system where only private ownership of production exists (a) Capitalistic Economy (b) Socialistic Economy (c) Globalisic Economy (d) Mixed Economy 12) Economic system representing equality in distribution is ______. (a) Capitalism (b) Globalism (c) Mixedism (d) Socialism 13) Who is referred as 'Father of Capitalism'? (a) Adam Smith (b) Karl Marx (c) Thackeray (d) J M Keynes

14)

(a) Russia

The country following Capitalism is _____

(c) India

	(a) Nuosia (v) America (c) muia (u) Cimia
15)	Identify The Father of Socialism
	(a) J M Keynes (b) Karl Marx (c) Adam Smith (d) Samuelson
16)	An economic system where the economic activities of a nation are done both by the private and public together is termed as
	(a) Capitalistic Economy (b) Socialistic Economy (c) Globalisic Economy (d) Mixed Economy
17)	Quantity of a commodity accumulated at a point of time is termed as
	(a) production (b) stock (c) variable (d) flow
18)	Identify the flow variable
	(a) money supply (b) assests (c) income (d) foreign exchange reserves
19)	Identify the sectors of a Two Sector Model.
	(a) Households and Firms (b) Private and Public (c) Internal and External (d) Firms and Government
20)	The Circular Flow Model that represents an open Economy
	(a) Two Sector Model (b) Three Sector Model (c) Four Sector Model (d) All the above
21)	Planned economy is also known as
	(a) Capitalist Economy (b) Socialist Economy (c) Mixed Economy (d) All the above
22)	Socialist Economy promote
	(a) Social welfare motive (b) Collective welfare motive (c) Profit motive (d) Both 'a' and 'b'
23)	The right to property exists largely in
	(a) Traditional society (b) Capitalism (c) Socialism (d) Mixed economy
24)	Non-interference of the state is a characteristic features of the
	(a) Socialist Economy (b) Capitalist Economy (c) Traditional Economy (d) Command Economy
25)	Identify the economic system where only public ownership of production exists.
	(a) Capitalistic economy (b) Socialistic economy (c) Globalistic economy (d) Mixed economy
26)	Capitalism leads to
	(a) Central planning (b) Class struggle (c) Welfare (d) All the above
27)	Identify which is not a subject matters covered in Macro Economics
	(a) employment (b) national income (c) inflation (d) Profit maximization
28)	Identify which is not a part of classification of economy based on System of Activities
	(a) Capitalistic Economies (b) Institutional Economies (c) Socialistic Economies (d) Mixed Economies
29)	What is the term coined by Manfred D Steger (2002) to denote the new market ideology of globalisation that connects nations together through international trade and aiming at global development?
	(a) Extended Capitalism (b) Confined Capitalism (c) Favourable Capitalism (d) None of above
30)	Identify which is not an example of capitalistic economy.
	(a) The USA economy (b) Germany economy (c) Indian economy (d) Australia economy

31)	Which of the following system leads to leads to frequent violent economic fluctuations and crises?
	(a) Free market system (b) Restricted market system (c) Black market system (d) New market system
32)	used in economic analysis are classified as stock and flow
	(a) Models (b) Variables (c) Charts (d) Equations
33)	What shows flows of income, goods and services and factors of production between economic agents such as firms, households, government and nations
	(a) Circular Flow (b) Regular Flow (c) Cost Flow (d) Expenditure Flow
34)	Assertion: The term coined by Manfred D Steger (2002) to denote the new market ideology of globalization. Reason: The ideology connects nations together through international trade and aiming at global development.
	(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
	(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). (c) (A) is true, but (R) is false
	(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
35)	Assertion: The government has a limited role in a capitalistic economy.
	Reason: The government provides basic services such as, defense, public health, education, etc.
	(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
	(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A). (c) (A) is true, but (R) is false
	(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true
36)	Match the items in the List – I with items in List – II. Select the correct answer from the code given below
	LIST – I I. Ownership of Means of Production 1. Free market System
	II. Economic Motives 2. Private Ownership
	III. Solution of Central Problems 3. Internal Regulation Only
	IV. Government Role 4. Profit
	(a) (b) (c) (d) I IIIIIIV I IIIIIIV I IIIIIIV 3214 2413 2341 3412
37)	Find the odd one out
	(a) $C + I$ (b) $C + I + G + (X - M)$ (c) $C + I + G$ (d) $(X - M)$
38)	Find the incorrect match
	(a) Capitalistic Economy - Capitalism (b) Command Economy - Socialism (c) Socialistic Economy - Globalism
	(d) Mixed Economy- Mixedism
39)	Assertion: National plans are drawn up by the Government and both private and public sectors abide. Reason: The central planning authority prepares the economic plans.
	(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
	(b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. (c) A is true but R is false
	(d) A is false but R is true.
40)	In a free-market economy the allocation of resources is determined by:
	(a) Votes taken by consumers (b) A central planning authority (c) By consumer preferences
	(d) The level of profits of firms
41)	Which of the following statements regarding the circular-flow diagram is true?

) If Vijay works for XYZ Solutions Ltd. and receives a salary payment, the transaction takes place in the market for goods and ervices.	
(h) If Vijay works for XYZ Solutions Ltd. and receives a salary payment, the transaction takes place in the market for goods	
	nd services.	
(c) None of these answers (d) The factors of production are owned by households.		
42)	Match the correct codes	
	1 Govt. Internal Regulation only i Capitalism	
	2.Complete Involvement of Gov.tii Socialism	
	3. Limited Role of Government iii Mixed Economy	
	4 Government Enterprise Naure iv Capitalist Economy	
	(a) (1) - (i) (2) - (ii) (3) - (iv) (4) - (iii) (b) (1) - (ii) (2) - (iii) (3) - (iv) (4) - (i) (c) (1) - (iv) (2) - (iii) (3) - (i) (4) - (ii) (d) (1) - (i) (2) - (ii) (3) - (iii) (4) - (iv)	
43)	Who coined the word globalism?	
	(a) Keynes (b) Ragnar Frisch (c) Manfred D. Steger (d) Adam smith	
44)	What is the golden rule of a producer under capitalism?	
	(a) Classless society (b) Maximum social benefit (c) Maximize profit (d) Central planning	
45)	y = C + I + G + (X - M) represents sector economy	
	(a) two (b) three (c) four (d) five	
46)	Identify a socialist economy	
	(a) Russia (b) USA (c) England (d) Brazil	
47)	Identify a major non economic activity	
	(a) Advertising (b) Entertainment (c) Transportation (d) All the above	

48)

49)

50)

Give an example for progressive taxation

(a) Income tax

(a) Large

What does micro mean?

(b) Whole

(b) Sales tax

(c) Small

(c) GST

(d) Duty

(d) Aggregate

(i) J.M.Keynes is the father of modern micro economics (ii) J.M.Keynes is the father of modern macro economics

(a) Both (i) and (ii) are true (b) Both (i) and (ii) are false (c) (i) is true but (ii) is false (d) (i) is false but (ii) is true