QB365 Question Bank Software Study Materials

Statistics and Probability 50 Important 1 Marks Questions With Answers (Book Back and Creative)

10th Standard

Maths

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Multiple Choice Question

= 50

Total Marks: 50

- Which of the following is not a measure of dispersion?
 - (a) Range (b) Standard deviation (c) Arithmetic mean (d) Variance
- 2) The range of the data 8, 8, 8, 8, 8. . . 8 is
 - (a) O (b) 1 (c) 8 (d) 3
- 3) The sum of all deviations of the data from its mean is
 - (a) Always positive (b) always negative (d) non-zero integer (c) zero
- 4) The mean of 100 observations is 40 and their standard deviation is 3. The sum of squares of all observations
 - (a) 40000 (b) 160900 (c) 160000 (d) 30000
- Variance of first 20 natural numbers is
 - (a) 32.25 (b) 44.25 (c) 33.25 (d) 30
- The standard deviation of a data is 3. If each value is multiplied by 5 then the new variance is
 - (a) 3 (b) 15 (c) 5 **(d) 225**
- If the standard deviation of x, y, z is p then the standard deviation of 3x + 5, 3y + 5, 3z + 5 is
 - (a) 3p + 5(b) 3p (c) p + 5 (d) 9p + 15
- If the mean and coefficient of variation of a data are 4 and 87.5% then the standard deviation is
 - (a) 3.5 (b) 3 (c) 4.5 (d) 2.5
- Which of the following is incorrect?
 - (a) P(A) > 1 (b) $0 \le P(A) \le 1$ (c) $P(\Phi) = 0$ (d) $P(A) + P(\overline{A}) = 1$
- The probability a red marble selected at random from a jar containing p red, q blue and r green marbles is
 - (a) $\frac{q}{p+q+r}$ (b) $\frac{p}{p+q+r}$ (c) $\frac{p+q}{p+q+r}$ (d) $\frac{p+r}{p+q+r}$
- A page is selected at random from a book. The probability that the digit at units place of the page number ch
 - (a) $\frac{3}{10}$ (b) $\frac{7}{10}$ (c) $\frac{3}{9}$ (d) $\frac{7}{9}$
- 12) The probability of getting a job for a person is $\frac{x}{3}$. If the probability of not getting the job is $\frac{2}{3}$ then the value of x is
 - (a) 2 **(b) 1** (c) 3 (d) 1.5
- 13) Kamalam went to play a lucky draw contest. 135 tickets of the lucky draw were sold. If the probability of Kamalam winning is $\frac{1}{9}$, then the number of tickets bought by Kamalam is
 - (a) 5 (b) 10 (c) 15 (d) 20
- 14) If a letter is chosen at random from the English alphabets {a, b,...,z}, then the probability that the letter chosen precedes x
 - (a) $\frac{12}{13}$ (b) $\frac{1}{13}$ (c) $\frac{23}{26}$ (d) $\frac{3}{26}$

15)	A purse contains 10 notes of Rs. 2000, 15 notes of Rs. 500, and 25 notes of Rs. 200. One note is drawn at random. What is the probability that the note is either a Rs. 500 note or Rs. 200 note?
	(a) $\frac{1}{5}$ (b) $\frac{3}{10}$ (c) $\frac{2}{3}$ (d) $\frac{4}{5}$
16)	If the sum and mean of a data are 407 and 11 respectively, then the number of observations in the data are
	(a) 37 (b) 4477 (c) 396 (d) 418
17)	Two dice are through simultaneously the probability if getting a double is
	(a) $\frac{5}{36}$ (b) $\frac{1}{12}$ (c) $\frac{1}{9}$ (d) $\frac{1}{6}$
18)	A girl calculates the probability of her winning in a match is 0.08 what is the probability of her losing the game
	(a) 91% (b) 8% (c) 92% (d) 80%
19)	A number x is chosen at random from -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 find the probability that $ x \le 4$
	(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) $\frac{1}{9}$
20)	which of the following is true?
	(a) $0 \le p(\in) \le 1$ (b) $p(\in) > 1$ (c) $p(\in) < 0$ (d) $-\frac{1}{2} \ge P(\in) \le \frac{1}{2}$
21)	IF the probability of the non-happening of a event is q, then the probability of happening of that event is
	(a) 1-q (b) q (c) $q/2$ (d) $\propto q$
22)	The mean of a observation $x_1, x_2, x_3, \ldots x_n$ is \bar{x} . If each observation is multiplied by p, there the mean of the new observations is
	(a) $\frac{\bar{x}}{p}$ (b) $p\bar{x}$ (c) \bar{x} (d) $P+\bar{x}$
23)	If a digit is chosed at random from the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 then the probability that it is odd is
	(a) 4/9 (b) 5/9 (c) 1/9 (d) 2/3
24)	The standard deviation of a data is 5. If each value is multiplied by 2, then the new variance is
	(a) 3 (b) 100 (c) 10 (d) 225
25)	The range of first 10 prime number is
	(a) 9 (b) 20 (c) 27 (d) 5
26)	If the observations 1, 2, 3, 50 have the variance V_1 and the observations 51, 52, 53, 100 have the variance V_2 then $\frac{V_1}{V_2}$ is
	(a) 2 (b) 1 (c) 3 (d) 0
27)	If the standard deviation of a variable x is 4 and if = $\frac{3x+5}{4}$, then the standard deviation of y is
	(a) 4 (b) 3.5 (c) 3 (d) 2.5
28)	If the data is multiplied by 4, then the corresponding variances is get multiplied by
	(a) 4 (b) 16 (c) 2 (d) None
29)	If an event occurs surely, then its probabllity is
	(a) 1 (b) 0 (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) $\frac{3}{4}$
30)	A letter is selected at randam from the the word 'PROBABILITY'. The probability that its is nota vowel is
	(a) $\frac{4}{11}$ (b) $\frac{7}{11}$ (c) $\frac{3}{11}$ (d) $\frac{6}{11}$
31)	A nuber x is chosen at random drom -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4. The probability that $ x \leq 3$ is

(a)	$\frac{3}{9}$ (b) $\frac{4}{9}$ (c) $\frac{1}{9}$ (d) $\frac{7}{9}$
32)	In one thousand lottery tickets, there are 50 prizes to be given. The probability of happenning of the event is
	(a) 1-q (b) q (c) $\frac{q}{2}$ (d) 2q
33)	Sum of deviations of a variable from its mean is always
	(a) O (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 5
34)	Price of apple per kg for three days are as 98, 97,100 then the value of standard deviation with assumed mean method is
	(a) 15 (b) 10 (c) 1 (d) 11
35)	Range of the scores 80, 90, 90, 85, 60,70,75,85,90, 60, 80 is
	(a) 30 (b) 70 (c) 90 (d) 40
36)	The average of first 'n' natural numbers is
	(a) $\frac{n(n+1)}{2n}$ (b) $\frac{n}{2}$ (c) $\frac{n+1}{2}$ (d) n
37)	is used to compare the variation or dispersion in two or more sets of data even though they are measured in different units.
	(a) Range (b) Standard deviation (c) Co-efficient of variation (d) Mean deviation
38)	If the co-efficient of variation of marks of Brinda is 25% and that of Buvana is 40% Who is more stable in scoring?
	(a) Brinda (b) Buvana (c) Both (d) None
39)	If a digit is chosen at random from the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 then the probability that it is odd is
	(a) $\frac{4}{9}$ (b) $\frac{5}{9}$ (c) $\frac{1}{9}$ (d) $\frac{2}{3}$
40)	In a single throw of die, the probabitity of getting a muttiple of 3 is
	(a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{3}$ (c) $\frac{1}{6}$ (d) $\frac{2}{3}$
41)	The probability throwing a number greater than 2 with a fair dice is
	(a) $\frac{3}{5}$ (b) $\frac{2}{5}$ (c) $\frac{2}{3}$ (d) $\frac{1}{3}$
42)	A card is dropped from a pack of 52 playing cards. The probability that it is an ace is
	(a) $\frac{1}{4}$ (b) $\frac{1}{13}$ (c) $\frac{1}{52}$ (d) $\frac{12}{13}$
43)	The probability of a certain event is
	(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) Not exists
44)	The probability of an impossible event is
	(a) O (b) 1 (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) Not exists
45)	Probability of getting 3 heads or 3 tails in tossing a coin 3 times is
	(a) $\frac{1}{8}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{3}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{2}$
46)	If P (E) = 0.05, then P (not E) =
	(a) -0.05 (b) 0.5 (c) 0.9 (d) 0.95
47)	WItich of the following statement is wrong.
	(a) A∩B is an event that occurs only when both A and B occurs
	(b) A∪B is an event that occurs only when at least one of A or B occurs.
	(c) \vec{A} is an event that occurs only when A does not occur (d) \vec{B} is an event that occurs when B occur
48)	$A \cup ar{A} =$

- (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) ϕ (d) S
- $49) \qquad A\cap \bar{A}=\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 - (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) ϕ (d) S
- Which of the following values cannot be a probability of an event?
 - (a) 0 (b) 0.5 (c) 1.05 (d) 1