QB365 Question Bank Software Study Materials

HIS - Social Transformation in Tamil Nadu 50 Important 1 Marks Questions With Answers (Book Back and Creative)

10th Standard

Social Science

Total Marks: 50

Multiple Choice Question

28

		28 x 1 =
1)	established a full-fledged printing press in 1709, at Tranquebar.	
	(a) Caldwell (b) F.W. Ellis (c) Ziegenbalg (d) Meenakshisundaram	
2)	founded Adi Dravida Mahajana Sabha in 1893.	
	(a) Rettaimalai Srinivasan (b) B. R. Ambedkar (c) Rajaji (d) M. C. Rajah	
3)	India's first organised trade union, the Madras Labour Union was formed in	
	(a) 1918 (b) 1917 (c) 1916 (d) 1914	
4)	was established by the Justice Party Government for the selection of Government officials.	
	(a) Staff Selection Board(b) Public Service Commission(c) Provincial Staff Recruitment Board(d) Staff Selection Commission	
5)	was the first elected Legislative Council Member from the depressed class in Madras Province.	
	(a) M. C. Rajah (b) Rettaimalai Srinivasan (c) T.M. Nair (d) P. Varadarajulu	
6)	was the pioneer of social Reformers in India	
	(a) C.W. Damotharanar (b) Periyar (c) Raja Rammohan Roy (d) Maraimalai Adigal	
7)	was the official newspaper of the Self Respect Movement	
	(a) KudiArasu (b) Puratchi (c) Viduthalai (d) Paguththarivu	
8)	Periyar wanted religion to be replaced by	
	(a) Nationalism (b) Iconoclasm (c) Rationalism (d) Spiritualism	
9)	As early as in 1578, Tamil book,was published from Goa.	
	(a) Thirukkural (b) Thambiran Vanakkam (c) Ilakana Vilakanam (d) Viracholiyam	
10)	U.V. Swaminathar was a student of	
	(a) Damotharanar (b) Vallalar (c) S. Vaiyapuri (d) Meenakshisundaranar	
11)	Tamil invocation song in the play Manonmaniam written by	
	(a) C.W. Damotharanar (b) Thiru. Kalyanasundaram (c) P. Sundaranar (d) Bharatidasan	
12)	Influenced by western literary models, introduced the sonnet form in Tamil.	
	(a) Thiru Vika (b) Bharatidasan (c) Subramania Bharathi (d) Parithimar Kalaignar	
13)	Maraimalai Adigal's journal Jnanasagaram was renamed	
	(a) Potu Nilaik Kalakam (b) Arivukkadal (c) Siddhanta Deepika (d) Mullai pattu	
14)	The Madras Non-Brahmin association was founded in	

(a) 1000 (b) 1010 (c) 1010 (d) 1016

	(a) 1707 (b) 1910 (c) 1914 (a) 1910
15)	The Madras united league was later renamed as
	(a) Madras Non-Brahmin Association (b) South Indian Liberation Federation (c) Madras Dravidian Association
	(d) Justice Party
16)	was the founder of the Self-Respect Movement.
	(a) A. Subbarayalu (b) T.M. Nair (c) Periyar E.V. Ramasamy (d) c. Natesanar
17)	Periyar had a close relationship withwho is considered the first communist of South India.
	(a) Pitti Theyagarayar (b) Singaravelar (c) Iyotheethassar (d) EW, Ellis
18)	The Justice party merged with the
	(a) Congress Party (b) Communist Party (c) Self Respect Movement (d) Madras Mahajana Sabha
19)	Periyar's campaign against Kula Kalvi Thittam led to the resignation of
	(a) V.V. Subramaniam (b) K. Kamaraj (c) M.C. Rajan (d) Rajaji
20)	The Tanjore Sangita Vidya mahajana sangam was founded by
	(a) U.V Swaminathan (b) Abraham Pandithar (c) Singaravelar (d) Iyothee Thassar
21)	As early as in 1578, Tamil book was published from Goa.
	(a) Thirukkural (b) Thambiran Vanakkam (c) Ilakkana Vilakkam (d) Viracholiyam
22)	was one of the earliest Tamil literary texts to be published in 1812.
	(a) Tolkappiyam (b) Kaliththokai (c) Thirukkural (d) culamani
23)	was popularly known as Vallalar.
	(a) Ramalinga Adigal (b) parithimar Kalaignar (c) S. Vaiyapuri (d) Bharatidasan
24)	The Justice party was established in
	(a) 1902 (b) 1909 (c) 1912 (d) 1916
25)	
,	promoted the use of pure Tamil words and removal of the Sanskrit influence from the Tamil language.
26)	(a) Maraimalai Adigal (b) Bharatidasan (c) C.W. Damotharanar (d) Abraham Pandithar
20)	The Madras Non-Brahmin Association was founded in to help the non-Brahmin Students.
07)	(a) 1909 (b) 1919 (c) 1929 (d) 1911
27)	is the fountain head of the non-Brahmin movement in the country.
201	(a) The Justice party (b) The Labour Movement (c) The Dravidian Movement (d) The Labour Party
28)	A book on the history of Tamil music was published by
	(a) Abraham Pandithar (b) Swaminathar (c) Maraimalai Adigal (d) subramania Bharathi
29)	Fill in the blanks 22 x 1 =
,	was the first non-European language that went into print.
30)	Tamil
JUJ	The College of Fort St. George was founded by
211	F.W. Ellis
31)	is considered the father of Tamil linguistic purism.

M	Maraimalai Adigal			
32)	was the first to approve participation of women in the electoral politics.			
	Justice Party Government			
33)	The name Suriyanarayana Sastri changed in Tamil as			
	Parithimar Kalaignar			
34)	gave prominence to Tamil music.			
	Abraham Pandithar			
35)	The first Woman Legislator in India was			
	Muthulakshmi Ammaiyar			
36)	was the founder of the self-Respect Movement.			
	Periyar E.V. Ramasamy			
37)	Cheranmadevi Gurukulam was run by			
	V.V.Subramaniam			
38)	Periyar frequently wrote columns under the pseudonym of			
	Chitraputtiran			
39)	'Religion means you accept superstitious belief', asserted.			
	Periyar			
40)	The first woman doctor in India was			
	Muthulakshmi Ammaiyar			
41)	was popularly known as Grandpa.			
	Rettaimalai Srinivasan			
42)	was one of the earliest scholars to Identify the influence of Sanskrit on Tamil.			
	V.G. Suryanarayana Sastri			
43)	The Justice party established the staff selection board in			
	1924			
44)	The self respect movement declaredas a source for women's subordination.			
	illiteracy			
45)	Periyar frequently wrote columns under the pseudonym of			
	Chitraputtiran			
46)	In 1936, Periyar got Dr. B.R. Ambedkar's translated into Tamil immediately after it was written.			
	Annihilation of caste			
47)	The ancient Tamil classics, are collectively called the			
	Sangam literature			
48)	daughter of MaraimalaiAdigal compiled a dictionary that provided pure Tamil equivalents to Sanskrit words that had crept into Tamil vocabulary.			

Neelambikai

	devadasi
50)	There was a custom of dedicating young girlsto the Hindu temples as a servant of God, known as
	caste dharma
49)	In the name of the "lowe caste" people were denied access to temple and the streets sourrounding the temple.