Updated

## **QB365 Question Bank Software Study Materials**

## HIS - The World between two World Wars 50 Important 1 Marks Questions With Answers (Book Back and Creative)

10th Standard

## **Social Science**

Total Marks: 50

<b>Multi</b>	ple	Choice	Q	uestion

= 27

	$27 \times 1$
1)	With whom of the following was the Lateran Treaty signed by Italy?
	(a) Germany (b) Russia (c) Pope (d) Spain
2)	With whose conquest did the Mexican civilization collapse?
	(a) Hernan Cortes (b) Francisco Pizarro (c) Toussaint Louverture (d) Pedro I
3)	Who made Peru as part of their dominions?
	(a) English (b) Spaniards (c) Russians (d) French
4)	Which President of the USA pursued "Good Neighbour" policy towards Latin America?
	(a) Franklin D.Roosevelt (b) Truman (c) Woodrow Wilson (d) Eisenhower
5)	Which part of the world disliked dollar imperialism?
	(a) Europe (b) Latin America (c) India (d) China
6)	Who was the brain behind the apartheid policy in South Africa
	(a) Verwoerd (b) Smut (c) Herzog (d) Botha
7)	Which quickened the process of liberation in South America?
	(a) Support of US (b) Napoleon's invasion (c) Simon Boliver's involvement (d) French Revolution
8)	Name the President who made amendment to Munro Doctrine to justify American intervention in the affairs of Latin America.
	(a) Theodore Roosevelt (b) Truman (c) Eisenhower (d) Woodrow Wilson
9)	The powers were gravely weakened by the war, financially and politically.
	(a) Asian (b) European (c) African (d) Australian
10)	After the I World war, the situation was made worse by the political complication caused by the
	(a) Treaty of Brest-Litovsk (b) Treaty of Bucharest (c) Treaty of Versailles (d) Treaty of London
11)	Devaluation led to a world-wide credit
	(a) expansion (b) upheaval (c) growth (d) contraction
12)	In England, the party was defeated in the general elections of 1931.
	(a) Labour (b) Republican (c) Socialist (d) Communist
13)	The first nation of Western Europe to turn against the ruling regime was
	(a) France (b) Italy (c) Germany (d) Spain

14)	(a) 1918 (b) 1920 <b>(c) 1919</b> (d) 1921	
15)	Between 1871 and 1914, had risen to dizzy heights of economic, political and cultural accomplishments.	
	(a) India <b>(b) Germany</b> (c) Italy (d) Britain	
16)	Ho Chi Minh was inspired by	
	(a) Mao-Tse-Tung (b) Lenin (c) Mortague (d) Hitler	
17)	became the first Caribbean country to throw off slavery and French colonial control	
	(a) Cuba (b) Jamaica (c) Guyana (d) Haiti	
18)	At the dawn of the 20 <sup>th</sup> Century had occupied Cuba and Puerto Rico	
	(a) The United Kingdom (b) The United States (c) Germany (d) Italy	
19)	Was the American President in 1904.	
	(a) Abraham Lincoln (b) Franklin Roosevelt (c) Theodore Roosevelt (d) George Washington	
20)	The monarch of Brazil fell in	
	(a) 1885 (b) 1888 (c) 1889 (d) 1890	
21)	In the Presidential election of the Communist Party polled about 6,000,000 votes.	
	(a) 1935 <b>(b) 1932</b> (c) 1936 (d) 1938	
22)	Social Democratic Party was founded as the General German Workers Association on 23 <sup>rd</sup> May 1863 in	
	(a) Leipzig (b) Tongking (c) Tenochtitlan (d) Peru	
23)	from Mexico conquered the Maya country in the fourteenth century.	
	(a) Smutz (b) Aztecs (c) Herzog (d) Pedro I	
24)	The Spirit of independence was growing under the leadership of called El liberator, the liberator.	
	(a) Pedro I <b>(b) Simon Bolivar</b> (c) Herzog (d) Smutz	
25)	The great economic depression began in	
	(a) France (b) England (c) USA (d) Germany	
26)	Who propagated Nazi Party's ideology?	
	(a) Himmler (b) Josef Goebbels (c) Heydrich (d) D'Annunzio	
27)	In America, the first huge Stock Market Crash occured on:	
	(a) 24 October 1929 (b) 14 October 1929 (c) 24 November 1925 (d) 24 November 1928	
20)	Fill in the blanks	23 x 1 = 2
28)	The founder of the Social Democratic Party was	
	Ferdinand Lassalle	
29)	The Nazi Party's propaganda was led by	
0.00	Josef Goebbels	
30)	The Vietnam Nationalist Party was formed in	
	1927	
31)	The Secret State Police in Nazi Germany was known as	

G	estapo
32)	The Union of South Africa came into being in May
	1910
33)	The ANC leader Nelson Mandela was put behind the bars for years.
	27
34)	Boers were also known as
	Afrikaners
35)	were a military nation.
	The Aztecs
36)	In the USA, the party was rejected by the people in successive elections for about twenty years, after the Depression.
	Republican
37)	was the son of a blacksmith.
	Mussolini
38)	The Social Democratic Party was outlawed soon after the came to power.
	Nazis
39)	The South Africa act passed by the British parliament in 1909 provinced for a Union Parliament at
	Cape Town
40)	In 1930's the emergence of the was seen as a militant mass movement in India.
	Indian National Congress
41)	In 1924, elections were won by the with the support of the Labour movement in South Africa.
	National Party
42)	From 1898 to 1902 was under US military rule.
	Cuba
43)	The had barred European interference in the affairs of the American continent.
	Monroe Doctrine
44)	In the Labour Party was defeated in the general elections of 1931
	England
45)	The First World War shattered the global capitalist system based on
	European imperialism
46)	During his time in prison, Hitler wrote an autobiographical book containing his political ideas.
	Mein Kampf
47)	The mainstream political party in Indo-China was the
	Vietnam Nationalist Party
48)	The Boer War lasted for three years,

1899-1902

49)	which means separateness, became the racial policy of the Nationalist Party in 1947.
	Apartheid
50)	was also called El. Liberator.
	Simon Bolivar