

QB365 Question Bank Software Study Materials

HIS - Ancient . Civilisations 50 Important 1 Marks Questions With Answers (Book Back and Creative)

9th Standard

Social Science

Total Marks : 50

Multiple Choice Question

24 x 1 = 24

- 1) The earliest signs to denote words through pictures
(a) Logographic (b) **Pictographic** (c) Ideographic (d) Stratigraphic
- 2) The preservation process of dead body in ancient Egypt
(a) Sarcophagus (b) Hyksos (c) **Mummification** (d) Polytheism
- 3) The Sumerian system of writing
(a) Pictographic (b) Hieroglyphic (c) Sonogram (d) **Cuneiform**
- 4) The Harappans did not have the knowledge of
(a) Gold and Elephant (b) **Horse and Iron** (c) Sheep and Silver (d) Ox and Platinum
- 5) The Bronze image suggestive of the use of lost-wax process known to the Indus people
(a) Jar (b) Priest king (c) **Dancing girl** (d) Bird
- 6) What is the correct chronological order of four civilisations of Mesopotamia
(a) Sumerians - Assyrians - Akkadians - Babylonians (b) Babylonians - Sumerians - Assyrians - Akkadians
(c) **Sumerians - Akkadians - Babylonians - Assyrians** (d) Babylonians - Assyrians - Akkadians - Sumerians
- 7) _____ times were mostly egalitarian in nature.
(a) **Mesolithic** (b) Neolithic (c) Palaeolithic (d) Iron Age
- 8) _____ became intimately connected with the Sangam Age Tamilagam by the Sea route.
(a) Romans (b) Persians (c) **Egyptians** (d) Greeks
- 9) _____ were the contemporaries of the people of Indus and Egyptian civilisation.
(a) The Egyptians (b) **The Sumerians** (c) The Romans (d) The Indus people
- 10) _____ did not give much attention to the life after death.
(a) **The Sumerians** (b) The Babylonians (c) The Egyptians (d) The Chinese
- 11) The yellow river is known as the sorrow of _____.
(a) Egypt (b) Rome (c) **China** (d) Iraq
- 12) (i) The Egyptian king was known as the Pharaoh.
(ii) The preserved dead body is called the mummy.
(iii) The Egyptians have no belief in life after death.
(iv) Papyrus was used for making paper.
(a) (i) is incorrect (b) (ii) is incorrect (c) **(iii) is correct** (d) (iv) is incorrect
- 13) (i) Egypt was called as the Gift of Nile
(ii) Egyptians practiced polytheism

- (iii) Thoth is the God of death
 (iv) Cuneiform is Egyptian way of writing
- (a) (i) & (ii) are incorrect (b) (iii) & (iv) are correct (c) (iii) is correct **(d) (i) & (ii) are correct**
- 14) Confucius was famous among the Chinese Philosophers.
 (a) Lao Tze **(b) Confucius** (c) Mencius (d) Sun Tzu
- 15) River Nile flows into _____ .
(a) Mediterranean (b) Red sea (c) Arabian sea (d) Black sea
- 16) Egypt was called as Gift of Nile by _____ .
 (a) Alexander (b) Julius caesar **(c) Herodotus** (d) Confucius
- 17) Capital city of ancient Roman empire _____ .
 (a) London (b) Greece (c) Babylon **(d) Rane**
- 18) Egyptians Predominant God is _____ .
(a) Amon (b) Anubis (c) Ibis (d) Horus
- 19) Egyptian calender consist of _____ months.
 (a) 10 **(b) 12** (c) 14 (d) 16
- 20) The oldest civilisation in Mesopotamia _____ .
(a) Sumerian civilisation (b) Babylonia civilisation (c) Akkadiyan civilisation (d) Assyrian civilisation
- 21) The famous ruler of Akkadians _____ .
(a) Sargon (b) Hummurabi (c) Ashurbanipal (d) Ennil
- 22) The founder of Taoism _____ .
 (a) Confucius **(b) Lao Tze** (c) Mahavir (d) Buddha
- 23) Invention of gun Powder _____ .
 (a) Sumerians (b) Egyptians (c) Indians **(d) Chinese**
- 24) (i) The invention of potter's wheel is credited to the Sumerians.
 (ii) Sumerians divided the circle into 90° units.
 (iii) Cuneiform is the Sumerian writing is in the form of wedge.
 (iv) Noah's Ark is mentioned in the Hindu Puranas.
 (a) (i) correct (b) (ii) correct (c) (iv) correct **(d) (i) and (iii) correct**

Fill in the blanks

26 x 1 = 26

- 25) _____ is a massive lime stone image of a lion with a human head.
The Great Sphinx of Ghiza
- 26) The early form of writing of the Egyptians is known as _____ .
Hieroglyphic
- 27) _____ specifies the Laws related to various crimes in ancient Babylonia.
Hammurabis law code
- 28) _____ was the master archive keeper of Chou state, according to traditions.
Lao Tze

29) The ____ figurines and paintings on the pottery from the sites suggest the artistic skills of the Harappans.

terracotta

30) The river Nile originates in _____ .

Lake Victoria

31) The preserved dead body is called _____ .

the mummy

32) _____ was the God of writing and learning.

Thoth

33) The city Of Akkad later became the city of _____ a commercial and cultural centre of West Asia.

Babylon

34) The _____ is perhaps the oldest written epic on earth.

The Epic of Gilgamesh

35) _____ was the popular ruler often late (or) neo Assyrian Empire .

Ashurbanipal

36) Agriculture was the main occupation of the _____ .

Mesopotamians

37) The Indus Valley civilization is also known as _____ civilisation.

Harappan

38) The Indus people worshipped _____ trees.

Pipal

39) Egypt is irrigated by _____ river.

Nile

40) In 332 BCE Greeks under _____ invaded Egypt.

Alexander

41) The great pyramids near Cairo are known as the _____ pyramids.

Giza

42) _____ pyramids are considered to be one of the wonders of the world.

Giza

43) _____ is considered as one of the largest sculptures of the world.

Giza

44) The city of _____ later became the city of Babylon

Nippur

45) China has two major rivers _____ and _____ .

Huang Ho Yangtze

46) The _____ river is known as sorrow of China.

yellow river (Huang Ho)

47) _____ philosopher travelled throughout China and offered his counsel to the rulers.

Mencius

48) Paper was invented by the _____ .

Chinese

49) The great bath of Indus valley civilisations is situated in _____ .

Mohenjadaro

50) The Harappans were unknown to _____ animal and _____ metal.

Horse - Iron