

QB365 Question Bank Software Study Materials

HIS - Evolution of Humans and Society - Pre. HISToric Period 50 Important 1 Marks Questions With Answers (Book Back and Creative)

9th Standard

Social Science

Total Marks : 50

Multiple Choice Question

25 x 1 = 25

- 1) _____ is genetically closest to humans
(a) Gorilla **(b) Chimpanzee** (c) Orang-utan (d) Great Apes
- 2) The period called _____ marks the beginning of agriculture and animal domestication.
(a) Palaeolithic (b) Mesolithic **(c) Neolithic** (d) Megalithic
- 3) Direct ancestor of modern man was _____.
(a) Homo habilis (b) Homo erectus **(c) Homo sapiens** (d) Neanderthal man
- 4) _____ refers to the area covering Egypt, Israel-Palestine and Iraq.
(a) Great Rift Valley **(b) Fertile Crescent** (c) Solo river (d) Neander Valley
- 5) Sir Robert Bruce Foote, a geologist from England first discovered the _____ tools at Pallavaram near Chennai.
(a) Stone Age **(b) Palaeolithic** (c) Mesolithic (d) Neolithic
- 6) _____ inscriptions datable to third century BCE refer to the Cheras, Cholas and Pandyas in ancient Tamilagam.
(a) Pulekesin **(b) Ashoka** (c) Chandragupta (d) Dhanananda
- 7) _____ is the study of human past through the analysis and interpretation of material remains.
(a) Geology **(b) Archaeology** (c) History (d) None of the above
- 8) The beginning of history writing can be traced to the ancient _____.
(a) Greeks (b) Egyptians (c) Romans (d) Africans
- 9) The DNA of a Chimpanzee is _____ identical to that of a human being.
(a) 95% (b) 96% (c) 97% **(d) 98%**
- 10) _____ are stone artefacts of small size
(a) Microliths (b) Bifaces (c) Acheulian (d) core
- 11) Evidence of Neolithic village is found at _____ in Vellore district
(a) Gudiam (b) Athirampakkam **(c) Payyampalli** (d) Salem
- 12) The _____ was a formative period and the foundation for the Sangam Age.
(a) Iron Age (b) Bronze Age (c) Stone Age (d) Age of Information Technology
- 13) (i) We live in the age of Information Technology
(ii) The internet has literally put the world on our finger tips.
(iii) The Prehistoric people were the pioneers of literacy
(iv) Powerful Technology developed all of a sudden.
(a) (i) is correct (b) (ii) & (iii) are correct (c) (ii) & (iv) are correct (d) (i) & (iii) are correct

- 14) (i) The chimpanzee is genetically the closest to humans
(ii) Hominins & their origin have been traced to Asia
(iii) The Hominins emerged around 6 to 5 million years ago
(iv) The Great Rift valley in Africa has many sites for the Prehistoric period
(a) (i) is correct (b) (ii) & (iii) are correct **(c) (i) & (iv) are correct** (d) (iii) is correct
- 15) _____ are tools used for scraping the surfaces
(a) Lunates (b) Triangles **(c) Scrapers** (d) Cists
- 16) _____ are pottery jars and were used for burying the dead
(a) Urns (b) Cists (c) Dolmens (d) Menheirs
- 17) Australopithecines means _____ .
(a) Southern ape (b) Northern ape (c) Western ape (d) Eastern ape
- 18) Father of History _____ .
(a) Alexander (b) Darwin (c) Herbert Spencer **(d) Herodotus**
- 19) The oldest university Museum in the world _____ .
(a) Capitoline **(b) Ashmolean** (c) Usmania (d) Oxford
- 20) Name of our species _____ .
(a) Homo sapiens (b) Homoerectus (c) Hemohabilis (d) Hominin
- 21) Origin of Homosapines _____ .
(a) Asia **(b) Africa** (c) Europe (d) America
- 22) Anatomically modern humans are said to have emerged around _____ years ago.
(a) 5 lakh (b) 4 lakh **(c) 3 lakh** (d) 2 lakh
- 23) The fertile soil deposited by the river _____ .
(a) Alluvial soil (b) Black soil (c) Red soil (d) Desert soil
- 24) _____ called stone tool industry.
(a) Mumbai (b) Kolkatta **(c) Chennai** (d) Delhi
- 25) (i) Neanderthal humans buried the dead people.
(ii) Images on stone and bone women statues called Venus.
(iii) Neolithic people wanted to live in river banks.
(iv) Horse were used in Sumerian civilization for tilling the land.
(a) (i) correct **(b) (ii) correct** (c) (i) and (ii) conect (d) (iv) correct

Fill in the blanks

25 x 1 = 25

- 26) Hand axes and cleavers are the important tool types of the _____ culture.
Middle Palaeolithic
- 27) The methods and techniques involved in the production of stone tools are called _____ technology
lithic
- 28) _____ is known as the Middle Stone Age, as it is placed between the Palaeolithic and Neolithic.
Mesolithic period
- 29) _____ is an object or tool made or modified by humans

Artefact

30) The primitive multi - cellular life first appeared in the age of _____.

Proterozoicera

31) Prehistoric people were the pioneers of _____

Creative Knowledge

32) _____ were the apes from which modern humans evolved

Australopithecines

33) Prehistoric animal (or) plant that turns to stone over a period of time _____

Fossil

34) _____ people buried the dead people systematically.

Neanderthals

35) Oxen were used in _____ civilisation for tilling the land

Sumerian

36) _____ discovered the first Palaeolithic tools in India at Pallavaram

Sir Robert Bruce Foote

37) The black and Red colour pottery were used by _____ and people

Iron Age & Sangam Age

38) Dinosaur existed in the _____ era.

Mesozoic

39) At first human worshipped _____ as god.

Nature

40) In Europe Scientific enquiries and National thinking emerged in _____ period.

Renaissance

41) Oldest museum in the world _____ .

Ennigaldi Nanna

42) Ennigaldi was the daughter of the Neo Babylonian king _____ .

Nabonidus

43) The _____ museum in Italy is perhaps the oldest surviving museum at present.

Capitoline

44) _____ published the books on the 'Origin of Species'.

Charles Darwin

45) Modern and extinct great apes were called _____ .

Hominid

46) _____ tribes are living species that stand erect and walk with two legs.

Human

47) The hand axe tools are also known as _____ tools.

Acheulian

48) _____ is a stone made chisel with a sharp cutting edge.

Burin

49) Basalt rock is also called _____ rocks.

Lava

50) The evidence for Iron age is found in _____ near Pudukottai.

Sithannavasal