QB365 Question Bank Software Study Materials

HIS - The Age of Revolutions 50 Important 1 Marks Questions With Answers (Book Back and Creative)

9th Standard

Social Science

Total Marks : 50

	Multiple Choice Question	35 x 1 = 35
1)	The first British colony in America was	
	(a) New York (b) Philadelphia (c) Jamestown (d) Amsterdam	
2)	The pioneer of French Revolution who fought on the side of Washington against the British was	
	(a) Mirabeau (b) Lafayette (c) Napoleon (d) Danton	
3)	Lafayette, Thomas Jefferson and Mirabeau wrote the	
	 (a) Declaration of Independence (b) Declaration of Pilnitz (c) Declaration of Rights of Man and Citizen (d) Human Rights Charter 	
4)	The defeat of British at paved the way for the friendship between France and America.	
	(a) Trenton (b) Saratoga (c) Pennsylvania (d) New York	
5)	was the symbol of "Royal Despotism" in France.	
	(a) Versailles Palace (b) Prison of Bastille (c) Paris Commune (d) Estates General	
6)	The forces of Austria and Prussia were defeated by the French Revolutionary forces at	
	(a) Verna (b) Versailles (c) Pilnitz (d) Valmy	
7)	Candide was written by	
	(a) Voltaire (b) Rousseau (c) Montesquieu (d) Danton	
8)	The moderate liberals who wanted to retain Louis XVI as a limited monarchy were called	
	(a) Girondins (b) Jacobins (c) Emigres (d) Royalists	
9)	American War of Independence was ended with the Peace of Paris in the year	
	(a) 1776 (b) 1779 (c) 1781 (d) 1783	

- 10) Thomas Paine's famous pamphlet was _____.
 - (a) Common Sense (b) Rights of Man (c) Bill of Rights (d) Abolition of Slavery
- ¹¹⁾ The ship Mayflower had taken a batch of Puritans from ______ England.

(a) Londan (b) Plymouth (c) Ireland (d) New south wales

¹²⁾ Which one of the following was not an American colony of the British on the East?

(a) Virginia (b) Georgia (c) Seattle (d) Delaware

13) The first president of the American Republic was _____.

(a) George Washington (b) Thomas Jefferson (c) Andrew Jackson (d) Mirabeau

¹⁴⁾ Who was not a member of the Scond Continental Congress?

(a) Sam Adams (b) General Gage (c) John Adams (d) Thomas Jefferson

15)	The book 'Social Contract' was written by
	(a) Rousseau (b) Montesquieu (c) Voltaire (d) Diderot
16)	The hardcore republicans were the
	(a) Nobles of the sword (b) Jacobins (c) Nobles of the robe (d) Girondins
17)	Marat played a major role in
	(a) Battle of Bunker Hill (b) Reign of Terror (c) September Massacres (d) Paris Commune
18)	The first consul was
	(a) Thomas Jefferson (b) Rousseau (c) Robespierre (d) Napoleon Bonaparte
19)	The first political revolution in the eighteenth century was
	(a) American revolution (b) French revolution (c) Industrial revolution (d) Russian revolution
20)	The tobacco producers search for labour restored to acquiring slaves from
	(a) Asia (b) Africa (c) Australia (d) South America
21)	The war between Britain and France was known as
	(a) War of Roses (b) Five Years War (c) Seven Years War (d) First world war
22)	The slogan "No taxation without representation" was the preamble of
	(a) Currency Act (b) Stamp Act (c) Sugar Act (d) Townshend Act
23)	Townshend Act was declared in
	(a) 1667 (b) 1676 (c) 1760 (d) 1766
24)	stated that no thinking man in North America desired independence.
	(a) George Bush (b) George Washington (c) George Fox (d) Abraham Lincoln
25)	The British sent more troops to Boston and enacted Act.
	(a) Townshend Act (b) Intolerable Act (c) Stamp Act (d) Currency Act
26)	The first continental congress met in
	(a) New Jersey (b) New York (c) Philadelphia (d) Massachusetts
27)	The title given to Cornwallis was
	(a) Barrister (b) Bar-at-law (c) Knighted (d) Knight

28) During the French Revolution the commander of French National Guard was ______.

(a) Cornwallis (b) Turgot (c) Lafayette (d) Necker

29) The French Revolution exploded in _____.

(a) **1789** (b) 1798 (c) 1779 (d) 1797

30) French royal family lived in _____.

(a) White house (b) Versailles Palace (c) Paris Palace (d) Louie Palace

31) Gabelle means _____ .

(a) Land tax (b) Property tax (c) Sugar tax (d) Salt tax

32) Montesquieu wrote _____.

(a)	Romanian letters (b) Italian letters (c) Persian letters (d) Germanian letters
33)	Louis XVI was imprisoned in
	(a) London (b) Paris (c) Rome (d) Verne
34)	The Reign of Terror ended with the fall of
	(a) Robespierre (b) Danton (c) Herbert (d) Napolean
35)	crowned himself as the emperor of France.
	(a) Hitler (b) Mussolini (c) Alexander (d) Napolean
	Fill in the blanks 15 x 1 = 15
36)	The Postmaster General of the Postal Department of the government of Continental Congress was
	Benjamin Franklin
37)	The battle of Bunker Hill was fought on
	17 th June 1775
38)	The Act insisted on repaying the debt in gold or silver
	Currency
39)	was guillotined for organizing a Festival of Liberty.
	Herbert
40)	Louis XVI was arrested at with his family when he tried to escape from France.
	Varennes
41)	The Sugar Act of 1764 prohibited the import of
	Foreign rum
42)	The led to intense anti-British propaganda through newspapers, posters and pamphlets.
	Boston Massacre
43)	The first Continental Congress met in
	Philadelphia
44)	Turgot, Necker, Calonne and Brienne were the of the French King.
	Finance Ministers
45)	The ship had taken a batch of puritans from England to America.

May flower

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46) By the end of the eighteenth century there were ______ British colonies in America.

13

47) Currency Act was enacted in _____.

1**764**

48)

The ______ revolution affected the life and society in the whole of continental Europe.

France

49) The fall of ______ prison was the great turning point in the French revolution.

Bastile

The ideals of ______, _____, _____ continued to inspire many later political movements.

Liberty, Equality, Fraternity