

QB365 Question Bank Software Study Materials

HIS - The Classical World 50 Important 1 Marks Questions With Answers (Book Back and Creative)

9th Standard

Social Science

Total Marks : 50

Multiple Choice Question

25 x 1 = 25

- 1) _____ is the Greek city-state which resisted the Persians to the end.
(a) Acropolis (b) Sparta (c) **Athens** (d) Rome
- 2) The other name for Greeks was_____
(a) Hellenists (b) **Hellenes** (c) Phoenicians (d) Spartans
- 3) The founder of Han dynasty was_____
(a) Wu Ti (b) Hung Chao (c) **Liu Pang** (d) Mangu Khan
- 4) _____ was the Roman Governor responsible for the crucifixion of Jesus.
(a) Innocent I (b) Hildebrand (c) Leo I (d) **Pontius Pilate**
- 5) The Peloponnesian War was fought between _____ and_____
(a) Greeks and Persians (b) Plebeians and Patricians (c) **Spartans and Athenians** (d) Greeks and Romans
- 6) In Greece the land was controlled by _____.
(a) Slaves (b) Writers (c) Phi losophers (d) **Ruling class**
- 7) Greeks defeated the Persians at_____
(a) Athens (b) Sparta (c) **Marathon** (d) Alexandria
- 8) In Athens, democracy survived for about _____year?
(a) 50 (b) 100 (c) **200** (d) 150
- 9) Plato was the disciple of_____
(a) **Socrates** (b) Aristotle (c) Democritus (d) Epicurus
- 10) Alexander the Great, established a kingdom in_____
(a) Athens (b) Sparta (c) Marathon (d) **Macedonia**
- 11) The basic theorems of Geometry was formulated by_____
(a) Hipparchus (b) Ptolemy (c) Euclid (d) **Eratosthenes**
- 12) The Roman Republic was governed by the_____
(a) Plebeians (b) **Patricians** (c) Lawyers (d) Philosophers
- 13) A major source of revenue to the Roman state was_____
(a) Agriculture (b) Exports (c) Taxes (d) **Slaves trade**
- 14) Julius Caesar took power in _____B.C.
(a) 40 (b) 51 (c) **49** (d) 38
- 15) Odes was contributed by_____

- (a) Pliny the Elder (b) Livy **(c) Horace** (d) Tacitus
- 16) With the exception of _____ the other parts of Greece were mountainous terrain.
(a) Sparta (b) Athens (c) Thebes (d) Korindu
- 17) Marathon war was fought in _____ BC(BCE).
(a) 940 (b) 904 **(c) 490** (d) 409
- 18) Olympian Zeus temple is situated in _____ city.
(a) Sparta (b) Marathon (c) Thebes **(d) Athens**
- 19) The _____ expedition had united the Greeks.
(a) Persian expedition (b) Arabian expedition (c) Mughal expedition (d) Hunar's expedition
- 20) _____ was Socrates illustrious disciple.
(a) Aristotle **(b) Plato** (c) Democritus (d) Epicurus
- 21) The Greeks established a kingdom in Macedonia under the leadership of _____ .
(a) Napoleon (b) Hannibal (c) Julius caesar **(d) Alexander the Great**
- 22) _____ developed a model of motion of the planets and stars.
(a) Euclid (b) Hipparchus **(c) Ptolemy** (d) Plini
- 23) _____ defeated the Roman army and made a great part of Italy a desert.
(a) Hannibal (b) Fabius (c) Julius caesar (d) Augustus caesar
- 24) A major source of revenue to the Roman state was _____ trade.
(a) Diamond trade (b) Horse trade **(c) Slave trade** (d) Tea trade
- 25) After Jesus's crucifixion, _____ started spreading the Christian doctrine.
(a) St.Peter (b) St.John (c) St.Mathew **(d) St.Paul**

Fill in the blanks

25 x 1 = 25

- 26) The most magnificent building in Europe was _____
St.Sophia cathedral
- 27) Greeks defeated the Persians at _____
Marathon
- 28) _____ stood in favour of poor peasants in Roman republic
Tiberius Gracchus, Gariusdo Gracchus
- 29) Buddhism came to China from India during the reign of _____ dynasty
Han
- 30) _____ and _____ were Magistrates in Rome.
Consul, Senate
- 31) After Punic wars, Rome emerged as an _____ power in the western world.
unrivalled
- 32) Catalina's defeat led to _____

mob violence

33) Augustus called himself _____

Imperator

34) Wang Cheng, was popularly known as _____

Shih Huang Ti

35) From China, a large export-trade mainly in silk reached as far as the _____

Roman Empire

36) With Buddhism, came the influence of _____ art to China.

Indian

37) One of the Roman emperors _____ himself became a Christian

Constantine

38) The Persian king _____ decided to conquer the Greek city state.

Darius

39) In the battle of _____ Persian ships were destroyed.

Salamis

40) _____ city had a great leader Pericles.

Athens

41) _____ and _____ are the famous Historians during pericles period.

Herodotus

42) _____ was the teacher of plato.

Socrates

43) Plato's disciple was _____ .

Aristotle

44) The jury found Socrates guilty and sentenced him to die by drinking _____ (a poison).

Hemlock (a poison)

45) A major source of revenue to the Roman state was _____ trade.

Slave trade

46) The Island of _____ became a great slave market.

Delos

47) _____ the Elder completed a voluminous encyclopaedia of 'science'.

Plini Elder

48) The uprisings of the peasantry led to the collapse of _____ dynasty.

Chin

49) The capital of Han dynasty was _____ .

Chang-an

50) _____ was the most popular and powerful ruler of Han dynasty.

Wu-Ti