QB365 Question Bank Software Study Materials

Structured Query Language (SQL) 50 Important 1 Marks Questions With Answers (Book Back and Creative)

12th Standard

Computer Science

Total Marks: 50

Multiple Choice Question $50 \times 1 = 50$ Which commands provide definitions for creating table structure, deleting relations, and modifying relation schemas. (b) DML (c) DCL (d) DQL (a) DDL Which command lets to change the structure of the table? (a) SELECT (b) ORDER BY (c) MODIFY 3) The command to delete a table including the structure is (c) DELETE ALL (a) DROP (b) DELETE (d) ALTER TABLE Queries can be generated using (b) ORDER BY (c) MODIFY (a) SELECT (d) ALTER 5) The clause used to sort data in a database (a) SORT BY (b) ORDER BY (c) GROUP BY (d) SELECT Find out the odd man out: (c) IBM DB2 (a) MS SQL servers (b) Microsoft Access (d) Dbase DDL expansion is (a) Data Defined Language (b) Data Definition Language (c) Definition Data Language (d) Dictionary Data Language 8) DML stand for (b) Data Meaningful Language (c) Directional Manipulate Language (a) Data Manipulation language (d) Data Management Language Which component of SQL includes commands to insert, delete and modify tables in database? (a) DCL (b) TCL (c) DDL (d) DML 10) WAMP stands for (b) Windows, Apache, MySQL, Python (c) Windows, APL, MySQL, PHP (a) Windows, Android, MySQL, PHP (d) Windows, Apache, MySQL, PHP 11) Which of the following is not a category of SQL command? (d) TCL (a) DDL (b) DDL (c) DML 12) Which of the following is not a SQL DDL commands? (a) Alter (d) Truncate (b) Drop (c) Grant 13) Which DML requires a user to specify what data is needed without specifying how to get it? (a) Produced DML (b) Non-Procedural DML (c) Programmable DML (d) PRocedural DQL

The SQL DDL command removes all records from a table and also release the space occupied by these records is

14)

(a)	Delete (b) Truncate (c) Rollback (d) Drop
15)	Which of the following used to control the access of data stored in a database?
	(a) DCL (b) DML (c) DDL (d) DQL
16)	Which of the following is not a SQL TCL command?
	(a) Commit (b) Roll back (c) Revoke (d) Save point
17)	Double data type precision may exceed
	(a) 64 (b) 74 (c) 54 (d) 14
18)	Which of the following have a special meaning in SQL?
	(a) Keywords (b) Commands (c) Clause (d) Arguments
19)	Which of the following SQL DDI command used to create a table?
	(a) CREATE (b) CREATE TABLE (c) NEW TABLE (d) DDL TABLE
20)	Which of the following must be specified when a table is created?
	(a) column name (b) datatype (c) Size (d) all of these
21)	Which constraint apply to a group of one or more columnst?
	(a) Column (b) Default (c) Unique (d) Table
22)	Which of the following is not a database integrity constraint?
	(a) Table (b) Unique (c) Default (d) Check
23)	Which of the following should be added at the end of field definition?
	(a) space (b) comma (c) colon (d) semicolon
24)	Which of the following constraint helps to uniquely identify a record in the database?
	(a) Default (b) Unique (c) Primary key (d) Check
25)	Which of the following constraint does not allow NULL values?
	(a) Unique (b) Primary key (c) Check (d) a and b
26)	Which constraint helps to set a limit value placed for a field?
	(a) Defaul (b) Key (c) Unique (d) Check
27)	Which of the following constraint use relational and logical operators for condition?
	(a) Primary Key (b) Unique (c) Check (d) Table
28)	Which of the following command helps to add new records to the table?
	(a) Insert (b) Add New (c) Add row (d) Insert new
29)	In the INSERT command the fields that are omitted will have
	(a) default value (b) Null value (c) No value (d) a or b
30)	Which of the following command replaces some or all data values in a database?
	(a) REPLACE (b) UPDATE (c) SET (d) noae of these
31)	Which clause SELECT command is used to produce summary report form the database?
	(a) GROUP BY (b) REPORT BY (c) ORDER BY (d) WHERE BY

32)	A supports the development, administration and use of database platforms.
	(a) SQL (b) DBMS (c) MySQL (d) CRUD
33)	A consists of row and columns.
	(a) Table (b) Database (c) SQL (d) DBMS
34)	is used for controlling privileges in the database?
	(a) DML (b) DCL (c) DDl (d) DQL
35)	All the values in a given field must be of same
	(a) command (b) datatype (c) record (d) name
36)	Minimum colomn is required to create a table
	(a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four
37)	The Primary key constraint is similar to constraint.
	(a) Unique (b) Check (c) Default (d) none of the these
38)	The keyword is used along with the SELECT command to eliminate duplicate rows in the table?
	(a) DUPLICATE (b) DISTINCT (c) ELIMINATE (d) a ro b
39)	The symbol is used with the COUNT to induce the NULL values.
	(a) + (b) * (c) > = (d) =
40)	How many types of DML?
	(a) 2 (b) 4 (c) 6 (d) 8
41)	Match the following: Create -TCL Insert -DDL Grant -DML Commit-DCL
	(a) 1-2-3-4 (b) 4-3-2-1 (c) 4-1-2-3 (d) 4-2-1-3
42)	are instructions given by the user to the database also known as statements.
	(a) Commands (b) Statements (c) Clauses (d) Data
43)	Each table must have atleast
	(a) one column (b) one row (c) null (d) a and b
44)	Which command is used to remove a table from the database?
	(a) UPDATE (b) DROP (c) TRUNCATE (d) ALTER
45)	By default ORDER BY sorts the data in order.
	(a) ascending (b) descending (c) a and b (d) All of these
46)	Which command is used to jump to a particular location?
	(a) INSERT (b) ROLL BACK (c) COMMIT (d) SAVE POINT
47)	Which clause is used to group the students on rows or columns?
	(a) GROUP BY (b) HAVING (c) ORDER BY (d) None
48)	is a Programming language used to control the access of data stored in database.

32)

(a) DDL (b) DML (c) TCL (d) DCL

49) _____ withdraws the access permission given by the GRANT statement.

(a) WITHDRAW (b) REGAIN (c) REVOKE (d) REIMBURSE

50) Which command is used to delete all the rows from the table?

(a) UPDATE (b) ALTER (c) TRUNCATE (d) INSERT