## **QB365 Question Bank Software Study Materials**

## Network Examples and Protocols 50 Important 1 Marks Questions With Answers (Book Back and Creative)

12th Standard

## **Computer Applications**

Total Marks: 50

## **Multiple Choice Question**

50	$\cap \mathbf{v}$	· 1	=	50

		50 x
1)	Which of the following system securely share business's information with suppliers, vendors, partners and customers.	
	(a) Extranet (b) Intranet (c) arpanet (d) arcnet	
2)	Match the following and choose the correct answer	
	i. HTTP The core protocol of the World Wide Web.	
	ii. FTP enables a client to send and receive complete files from a server.	
	III. SMTP Provide e-mail services.	
	iv DNS Refer to other host computers by using names rather than numbers.	
	(a) i, ii, iii, iv (b) ii, iii, iv, i (c) iii, iv, i, ii (d) iv, iii, ii, i	
3)	Communication over is be made up of voice, data, images and text messages.	
	(a) Social media (b) mobile network (c) whatsapp (d) software	
4)	Wi-Fi stands for	
	(a) Wireless Fidelity (b) wired fidelity (c) wired optic fibre (d) wireless optic fibre	
5)	A TCP/IP network with access restricted to members of an organization	
	(a) LAN (b) MAN (c) WAN (d) Intranet	
6)	RFID stands for	
	(a) Radio Free identification (b) Real Frequency identity (c) Radio Frequency indicators	
	(d) Radio Frequency Identification	
7)	It guarantees the sending of data is successful and which checks error on operation at OSI layer is	
	(a) Application layer (b) Network layer (c) Transport Layer (d) Physical layer	
8)	Which one of the following will secure data on transmissions	
	(a) HTTPS (b) HTTP (c) FTP (d) SMTP	
9)	provides e-mail service	
	(a) DNS (b) TCP (c) FTP (d) SMTP	
10)	refer to other host computers by using names rather than numbers.	
	(a) DNS (b) TCP (c) FTP (d) SMTP	
11)	TCP/IP is a combination of two protocols:	
	i. Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)	
	ii. Internet Protocol (IP)	
	iii. Selection Protocol (SP)	
	iv. Captial Protocol (CP)	
	(a) i, ii (b) i, iii (c) iii, iv (d) ii, iii	

12)	over module network is be made up or voice, data,images and text messages  (a) Internet (b) Intranet (c) Extranet (d) Communication
13)	The initial periods the mobile systems were based on transmission
	(a) Digital (b) Analog (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
14)	A passive RFID system usingMethod.
	(a) EM wave Propagation (b) Direct (c) Inductive Coupling (d) Indirect
15)	transmits the electro magnetic waves that are received by antenna.
	(a) RFID (b) Red Antenna (c) Host (d) Node
16)	mainly deals with financial transactions or transfer user personal data were highly sensitive
	(a) HITP (b) SMTP (c) HITPS (d) FITP
17)	Internet -Claims
	Intranet - Median Access Control
	Extranet-Global Network  ARP -Submission of Reports
	(a) 3 4 1 2 (b) 1 2 3 4 (c) 2 1 4 3 (d) 3 4 2 1
18)	First Layer -Data Link Layer
	Second Layer-Transport Layer
	Third Layer -Physical Layer
	Fourth Layer - Session Layer
	(a) 1 2 3 4 (b) 3 4 1 2 (c) 4 3 1 2 (d) 4 1 3 2
19)	IP stands for
	(a) Internet Protocol (b) Internal Processor (c) Internet Processor (d) None of the above
20)	is that the usual procedures, rules, formal standards and policies.
	(a) Router (b) Switches (c) Network protocols (d) Modem
21)	Which generation launch GPRS?
	(a) 1 a (b) 2 a (c) 3 a (d) none of the above
22)	GSM stands for
	(a) Geo Stationary Mobile system (b) Geo Stationary system Mobile (c) Global System for Mobile communication
	(d) Geo Stationary system for Mobiles
23)	WLAN standard is
	(a) 802.11 (b) 801.22 (c) 802.12 (d) 801.12
24)	permits computers and alternative devices to be connected to every alternative into a LAN and to the net without wires
	(a) Mobile (b) Network (c) wi max (d) wi fi
25)	How many layers in TCP/IP?
	(a) 8 (b) 7 (c) 6 <b>(d) 4</b>
26)	connect to other computers.
	(a) HTTP (b) SMTP (c) Telnet (d) UDP
27)	SMTP stands for

(a)	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (D) Simple Mobile Transfer Protocol (C) Sample Mail Transfer Protocol
(d)	Simple Mail Transmission Protocol
28)	What is the expansion of TCP?
	(a) Television Control Protocal (b) Television Control Protocal (c) Transmission Control Program
	(d) Transmission Control Protocol
29)	Which of the following is not a type of networking protocols?
	(i) Network Communication Protocols (ii) Network Information Protocols
	(iii) Network Security Protocols
	(iv) Network Management Protocols
30)	(a) (i) and (ii) (b) (iii) and (iv) (c) only (ii) (d) only (iii)
30)	Which of the following is a network management protocol?
21)	(a) HTTP (b) SFTP (c) SSL (d) ICMP
31)	A mobile network is made up of a large number of signal areas called
	(a) protocols (b) transceivers (c) cells (d) base station
32)	GSM mobile systems grown digital transmission using
	(a) NMT (b) CDMA (c) GPRS (d) SIM
33)	SIM stands for
	(a) System Identity Mobile (b) Subscriber Identity Module (c) Subscriber Identity Mobile
	(d) Subscriber Information Mobile
34)	GPRS stands for
	(a) General Packet Radio Service (b) Global Position Radio System (c) General Packet Radio System
25)	(d) Global Position Radio Service
35)	EDGE stands for
	<ul> <li>(a) Electronic Device Global Evolution</li> <li>(b) Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution</li> <li>(c) Electronic Data rates for Global Evolution</li> <li>(d) Enhanced Device Global Evolution</li> </ul>
36)	
,	Which of the following is not a multimedia service?
37)	(a) voice (b) data (c) video (d) GPRS
01)	ATM stands for
	<ul><li>(a) Any Time Money (b) Asynchronous Transfer Mode (c) Authentication Transfer Mode</li><li>(d) Asynchronous Transmission Mode</li></ul>
38)	How many types of RFID tags are there?
	(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 1 (d) 4
39)	
,	Which of the following is not a main component of a RFID system?
40)	(a) Wi-fi (b) RFID tag (c) reader (d) Controller
- /	OSI stands for
	<ul> <li>(a) Open System Information</li> <li>(b) Open System Interconnection</li> <li>(d) Outsourced System Interconnect</li> </ul>
41)	Which of the following layer includes the error checking operation?

(a)	Transport (b) Network (c) Application (d) Session
42)	Which of the following typically specifies the logistics of the packets that are sent out over networks?
	(a) TCP (b) HTTP (c) FTP (d) IP
43)	Which protocol is used between computers for sending and receiving file?
	(a) HTTP (b) FTP (c) TCP (d) I P
44)	FTP, HTTP and SMTP protocols are included in which layer of TCP/IP?
	(a) Application (b) Transport (c) Internet (d) Network Access
45)	In which protocol where encoded data transfer on a secure connection?
	(a) SSL (b) USD (c) IGMP (d) HTTPS
46)	In Which layer where data is addressed, packaged and routed among networks?
	(a) Network (b) Transport (c) Application (d) Internet
47)	Which of the following is a communication protocol used by hosts and routers to send messages to multiple IP addreses at once?
	(a) ICMP (b) ARP (c) SMTP (d) IGMP
48)	UDP stands for
	(a) User Datagram Protocol (b) User Defined Protocol (c) Union Datagram Protocol (d) User Data Program
49)	DNS stands for
	(a) Domain Name System (b) Domain Name Service (c) Data Name System (d) Domain Node System
50)	The communication between routers, servers, computers, laptop are carried out by
	(a) Internet procedure (b) Network protocols (c) Application layer (d) None of these